

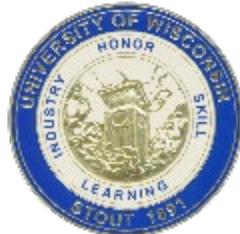
Living in a Material World

Marlann Patterson[†], Matthew Ray^{*}

[†]Associate Professor of Physics

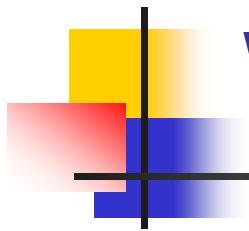
^{*}Associate Professor of Chemistry
UW-Stout

Applied Science Seminar Nov. 20, 2014



San Francisco, CA





What is Materials Chemistry?

- The Chemistry of Solids
 - Relationship between structure and properties of solids
 - Chemical transformations affecting solids
 - Synthesis and processing of solids



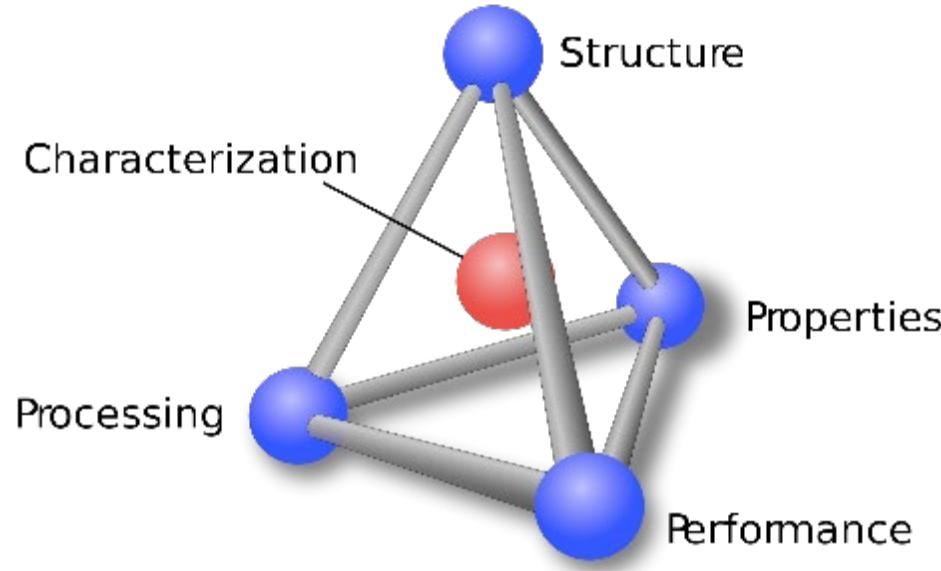
Materials and Nanoscience

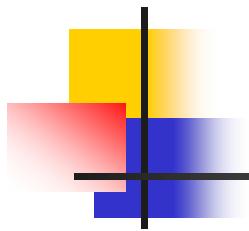
- Structure

- Property-Performance-Processing-Characterization

- Size

- Property-Performance-Processing-Characterization





How Do We Classify Materials?

- **Metals** – pure metallic elements or mixtures of metallic elements
- **Ceramics** – compounds of metals and non-metals semiconductors are often types of ceramics
- **Polymers** – (Plastics) very large molecules made up of many parts or mers
- **Composites** – materials composed of two or more of the above



The Elements

hydrogen 1 H 1.0079	lithium 3 Li 6.941	beryllium 4 Be 9.0122
sodium 11 Na 22.990	magnesium 12 Mg 24.305	
potassium 19 K 39.098	calcium 20 Ca 40.078	
rubidium 37 Rb 85.468	strontium 38 Sr 87.62	
caesium 55 Cs 132.91	barium 56 Ba 137.33	
francium 87 Fr [223]	radium 88 Ra [226]	57-70

Metals

scandium 21 Sc 44.966	titanium 22 Ti 47.867	vanadium 23 V 50.942	chromium 24 Cr 51.996	manganese 25 Mn 54.938	iron 26 Fe 55.845	cobalt 27 Co 58.903	nickel 28 Ni 58.693	copper 29 Cu 63.546	zinc 30 Zn 65.39	gallium 31 Ga 69.723	germanium 32 Ge 72.61	arsenic 33 As 74.922	selenium 34 Se 78.96	bromine 35 Br 79.904	krypton 36 Kr 83.80
yttrium 39 Y 88.906	zirconium 40 Zr 91.224	niobium 41 Nb 92.906	molybdenum 42 Mo 95.94	technetium 43 [98]	ruthenium 44 [101.07]	rhodium 45 [102.91]	palladium 46 [106.42]	silver 47 [107.87]	cadmium 48 [112.41]	indium 49 [114.82]	tin 50 [118.71]	antimony 51 [121.76]	tellurium 52 [127.60]	iodine 53 [126.90]	xenon 54 [131.29]
lutetium 71 Lu 174.97	hafnium 72 Hf 178.49	tantalum 73 Ta 180.95	tungsten 74 W 183.84	rhenium 75 [186.21]	osmium 76 [190.23]	iridium 77 [192.22]	platinum 78 [195.08]	gold 79 [196.97]	mercury 80 [200.59]	thallium 81 [204.38]	lead 82 [207.2]	bismuth 83 [208.98]	polonium 84 [209.0]	astatine 85 [210.0]	radon 86 [222.0]
lawrencium 103 Lr [262]	nutherfordium 104 Rf [261]	dubnium 105 Db [262]	seaborgium 106 Sg [263]	bohrium 107 Bh [264]	hassium 108 Hs [265]	meitnerium 109 Mt [266]	ununnilium 110 Uun [271]	ununnilium 111 Uuu [272]	ununnilium 112 Uub [277]	ununquadium 114 Uuq [289]					

lanthanum 57 La 138.91	cerium 58 Ce 140.12	praseodymium 59 Pr 140.91	neodymium 60 Nd 144.24	promethium 61 Pm [145]	samarium 62 Sm 150.36	europlum 63 Eu 151.96	gadolinium 64 Gd 157.25	terbium 65 Tb 158.93	dysprosium 66 Dy 162.50	holmium 67 Ho 164.93	erbium 68 Er 167.26	thulium 69 Tm 168.93	ytterbium 70 Yb 173.04
actinium 89 Ac [227]	thorium 90 Th 232.04	protactinium 91 Pa 231.04	uranium 92 U 238.03	neptunium 93 Np [237]	plutonium 94 Pu [244]	americium 95 Am [243]	curium 96 Cm [247]	berkelium 97 Bk [247]	californium 98 Cf [251]	einsteinium 99 Es [252]	fermium 100 Fm [257]	mendelevium 101 Md [258]	nobelium 102 No [259]

* Lanthanide series

** Actinide series

The Elements

hydrogen 1 H 1.0079	lithium 3 Li 6.941	beryllium 4 Be 9.0122
sodium 11 Na 22.990	magnesium 12 Mg 24.305	
potassium 19 K 39.098	calcium 20 Ca 40.078	
rubidium 37 Rb 85.468	strontium 38 Sr 87.62	
caesium 55 Cs 132.91	barium 56 Ba 137.33	
francium 87 Fr [223]	radium 88 Ra [226]	57-70

Ceramics

One of These + One of These



boron 5 B 10.811	carbon 6 C 12.011	nitrogen 7 N 14.007	oxygen 8 O 15.999	fluorine 9 F 18.998
aluminium 13 Al 26.982	silicon 14 Si 28.086	phosphorus 15 P 30.974	sulfur 16 S 32.065	chlorine 17 Cl 35.453
gallium 31 Ga 69.723	germanium 32 Ge 72.61	arsenic 33 As 74.922	selenium 34 Se 78.90	bromine 35 Br 79.904
indium 49 In 114.82	tin 50 Tin 118.71	antimony 51 Sb 121.76	tellurium 52 Te 127.60	krypton 36 Kr 83.80
thallium 81 Tl 204.38	lead 82 Pb 207.2	bismuth 83 Bi 208.98	polonium 84 Po [209]	iodine 53 I 126.90
ununquadium 114 Uuq [289]				astatine 85 At [210]

* Lanthanide series

lanthanum 57 La 138.91	cerium 58 Ce 140.12	praseodymium 59 Pr 140.91	neodymium 60 Nd 144.24	promethium 61 Pm [145]	samarium 62 Sm 150.36	europlum 63 Eu 151.96	gadolinium 64 Gd 157.25	terbium 65 Tb 158.93	dysprosium 66 Dy 162.50	holmium 67 Ho 164.93	erbium 68 Er 167.26	thulium 69 Tm 168.93	ytterbium 70 Yb 173.04
actinium 89 Ac [227]	thorium 90 Th 232.04	protactinium 91 Pa 231.04	uranium 92 U 238.03	neptunium 93 Np [237]	plutonium 94 Pu [244]	americium 95 Am [243]	curium 96 Cm [247]	berkelium 97 Bk [247]	californium 98 Cf [251]	einsteinium 99 Es [252]	fermium 100 Fm [257]	mendelevium 101 Md [258]	nobelium 102 No [259]

** Actinide series

The Elements

hydrogen	1	H	1.0079
----------	---	---	--------

lithium	3	beryllium	4
Li		Be	
6.941		9.0122	

sodium	11	magnesium	12
Na		Mg	
22.990		24.305	

potassium	19	calcium	20
K		Ca	
39.098		40.078	

rubidium	37	strontium	38
Rb		Sr	
85.468		87.62	

caesium	55	barium	56
Cs		Ba	
132.91		137.33	

francium	87	radium	88
Fr		Ra	
[223]		[226]	

Polymers

hydrogen	1	helium	2
H		He	
1.0079		4.0026	
lithium	3	boron	5
Li		B	
6.941		10.811	
magnesium	12	carbon	6
Mg		C	
24.305		12.011	
sodium	11	nitrogen	7
Na		O	
22.990		15.999	
potassium	19	oxygen	8
K		F	
39.098		18.998	
calcium	20	chlorine	17
Ca		Cl	
40.078		20.180	
scandium	21	argon	18
Sc		Ar	
44.966		39.948	
titanium	22	krypton	36
Ti		Kr	
47.867		83.80	
vanadium	23	rubidium	37
V		Rb	
50.942		87.62	
chromium	24	strontium	38
Cr		Sr	
51.996		88.906	
manganese	25	yttrium	39
Mn		Y	
54.938		44.966	
iron	26	zirconium	40
Fe		Zr	
55.845		91.224	
cobalt	27	niobium	41
Co		Nb	
58.903		95.94	
nickel	28	molybdenum	42
Ni		Tc	
58.693		43	
copper	29	Ru	
Cu		Rh	
63.546		101.07	
zinc	30	Pd	
Zn		Ag	
65.39		102.91	
gallium	31	Cd	
Ga		In	
69.723		106.42	
germanium	32	Sn	
Ge		Sb	
72.61		112.41	
arsenic	33	Te	
As		I	
74.922		114.82	
selenium	34	Sn	
Se		Sb	
78.96		118.71	
bromine	35	Te	
Br		121.76	
79.904		127.60	
iodine	53	At	
I		Rn	
131.29		126.90	
xenon	54		
Xe			
radon	86		
Rn			

caesium	55	barium	56
Cs		Ba	
132.91		137.33	
57-70		*	
luteleum	71	hafnium	72
Lu		Ta	
174.97		73	
hafnium	72	tantalum	73
Hf		Ta	
178.49		74	
180.95		W	
183.84		Re	
186.21		190.23	
osmium	75	rhodium	76
Os		Rh	
190.23		192.22	
iridium	77	platinum	78
Ir		Pt	
195.08		196.97	
gold	79	mercury	80
Au		Hg	
196.97		200.59	
mercury	80	Tl	
Hg		Pb	
204.38		207.2	
thallium	81	Bi	
Tl		Po	
207.2		208.98	
bismuth	82	[209]	
Bi			
83			
polonium	84		
Po			
85			
astatine	85		
At			
86			
radon	87		
Rn			

lanthanum	57	cerium	58	praseodymium	59	neodymium	60	promethium	61	samarium	62	europlum	63	gadolinium	64	terbium	65	dysprosium	66	holmium	67	erbium	68	thulium	69	ytterbium	70
La		Ce		Pr		Nd		Pm		Sm		Eu		Gd		Tb		Dy		Ho		Er		Tm		Yb	
138.91		140.12		140.91		144.24		[145]		150.36		151.96		157.25		158.93		162.50		164.93		167.26		168.93		173.04	
actinium	89	thorium	90	protactinium	91	uranium	92	neptunium	93	plutonium	94	americium	95	curium	96	berkelium	97	californium	98	einsteinium	99	fermium	100	mendelevium	101	nobelium	102
Ac		Th		Pa		U		Np		Pu		Am		Cm		Bk		Cf		Es		Fm		Md		No	
[227]		232.04		231.04		238.03		[237]		[244]		[243]		[247]		[247]		[251]		[252]		[257]		[258]		[259]	

* Lanthanide series

** Actinide series

What Makes Materials Differ?

Macrostructure

Depends on . . .



Microstructure



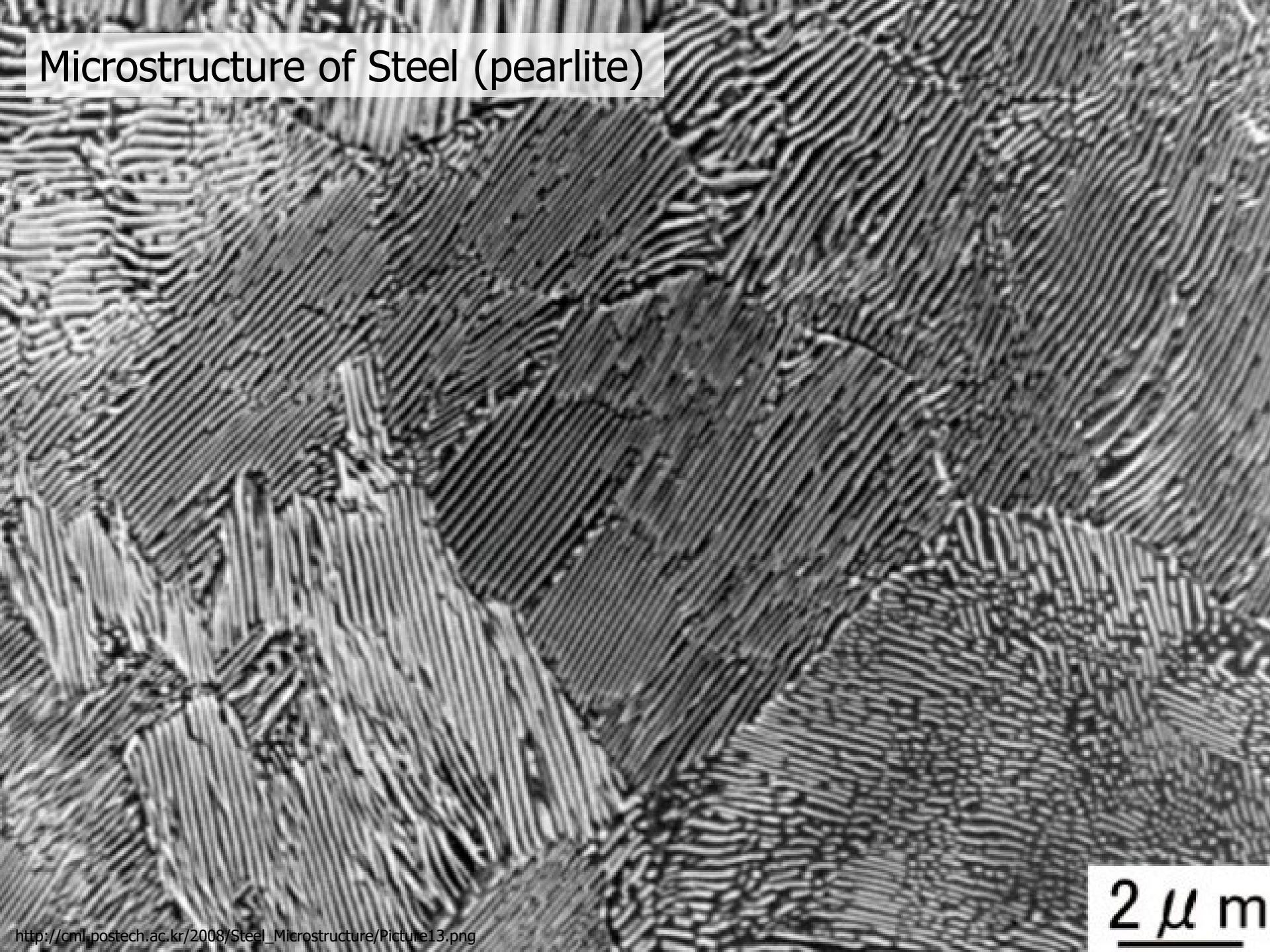
San Francisco, CA



Steel I-Beam

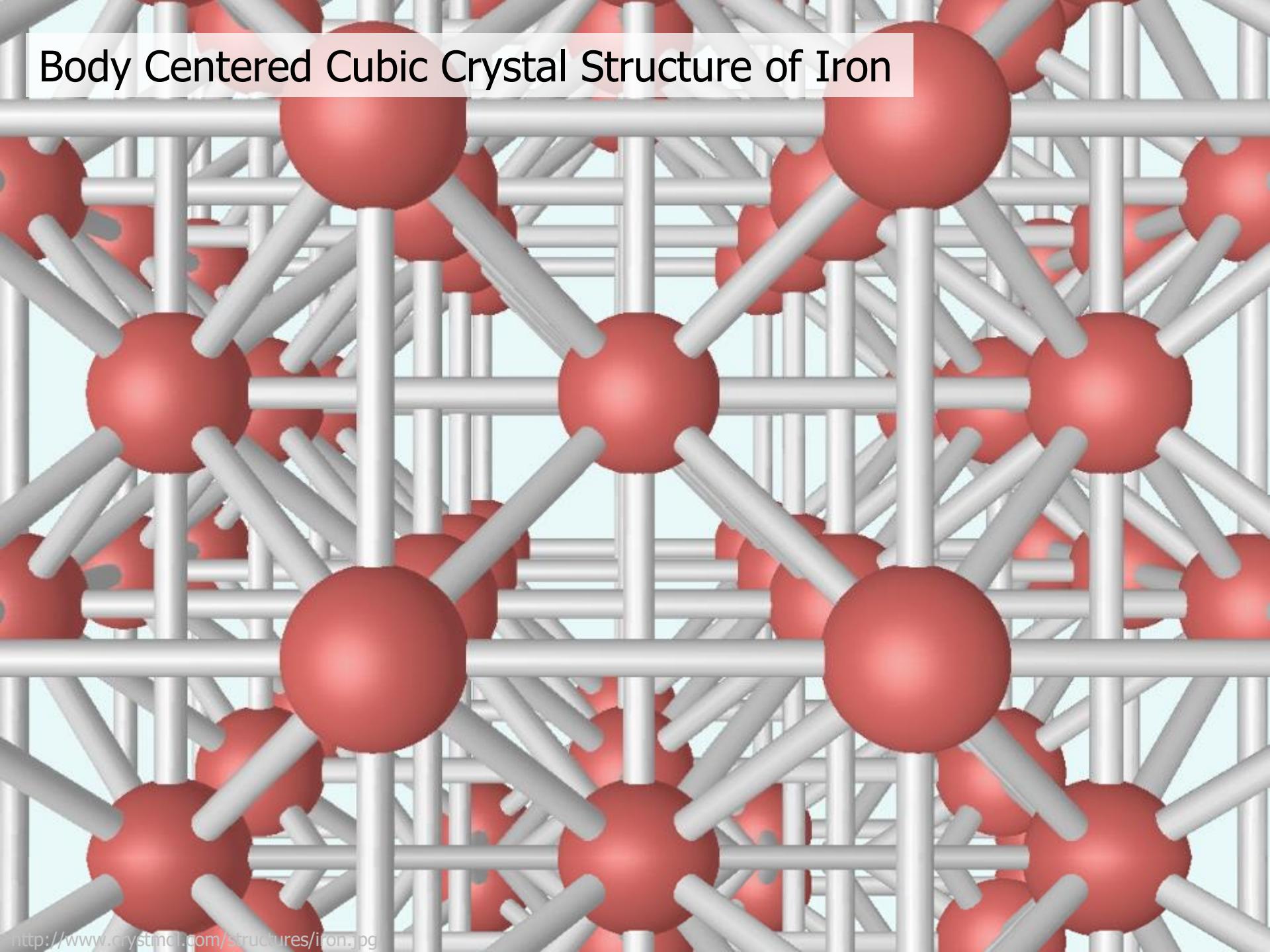


Microstructure of Steel (pearlite)



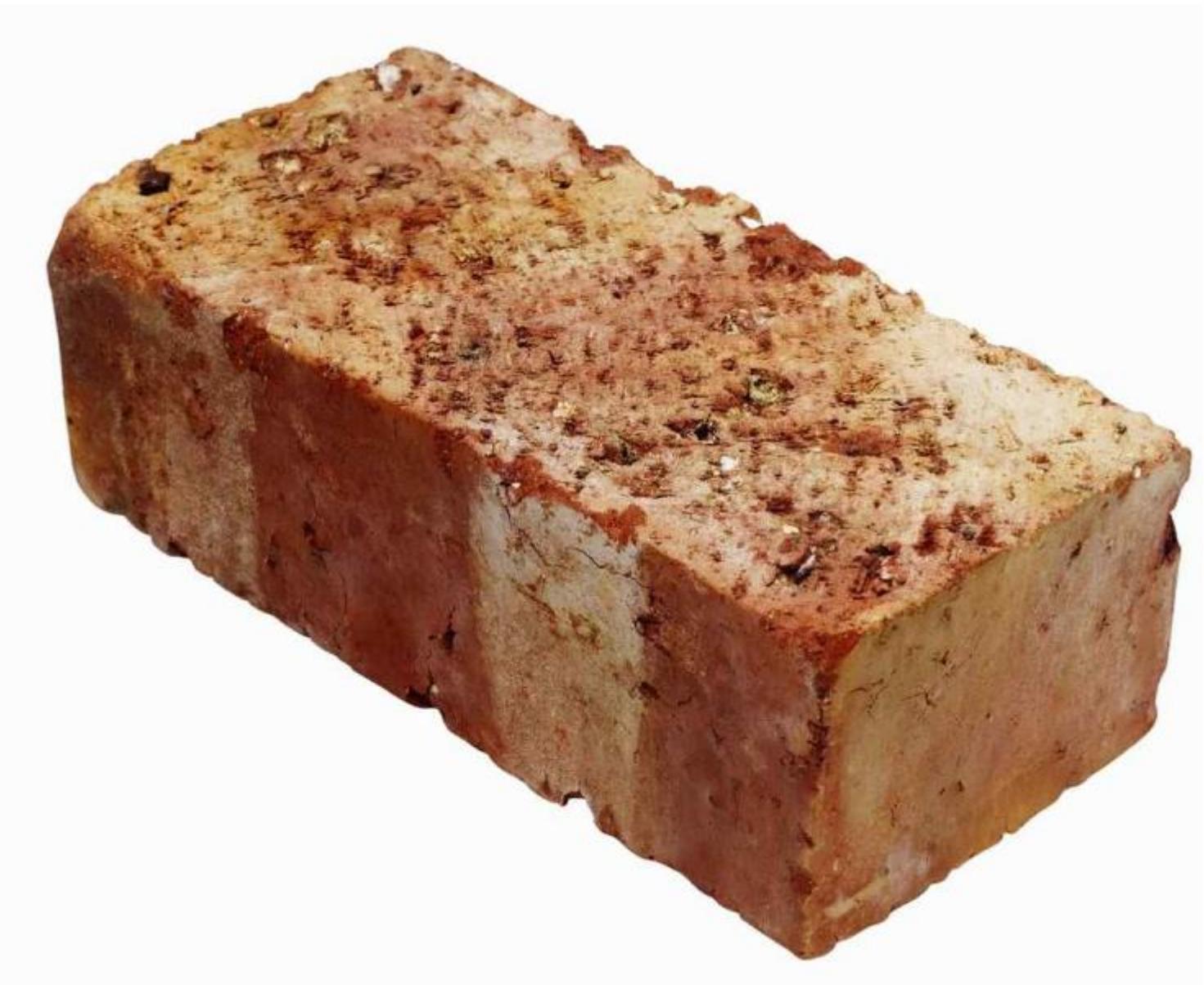
$2 \mu\text{m}$

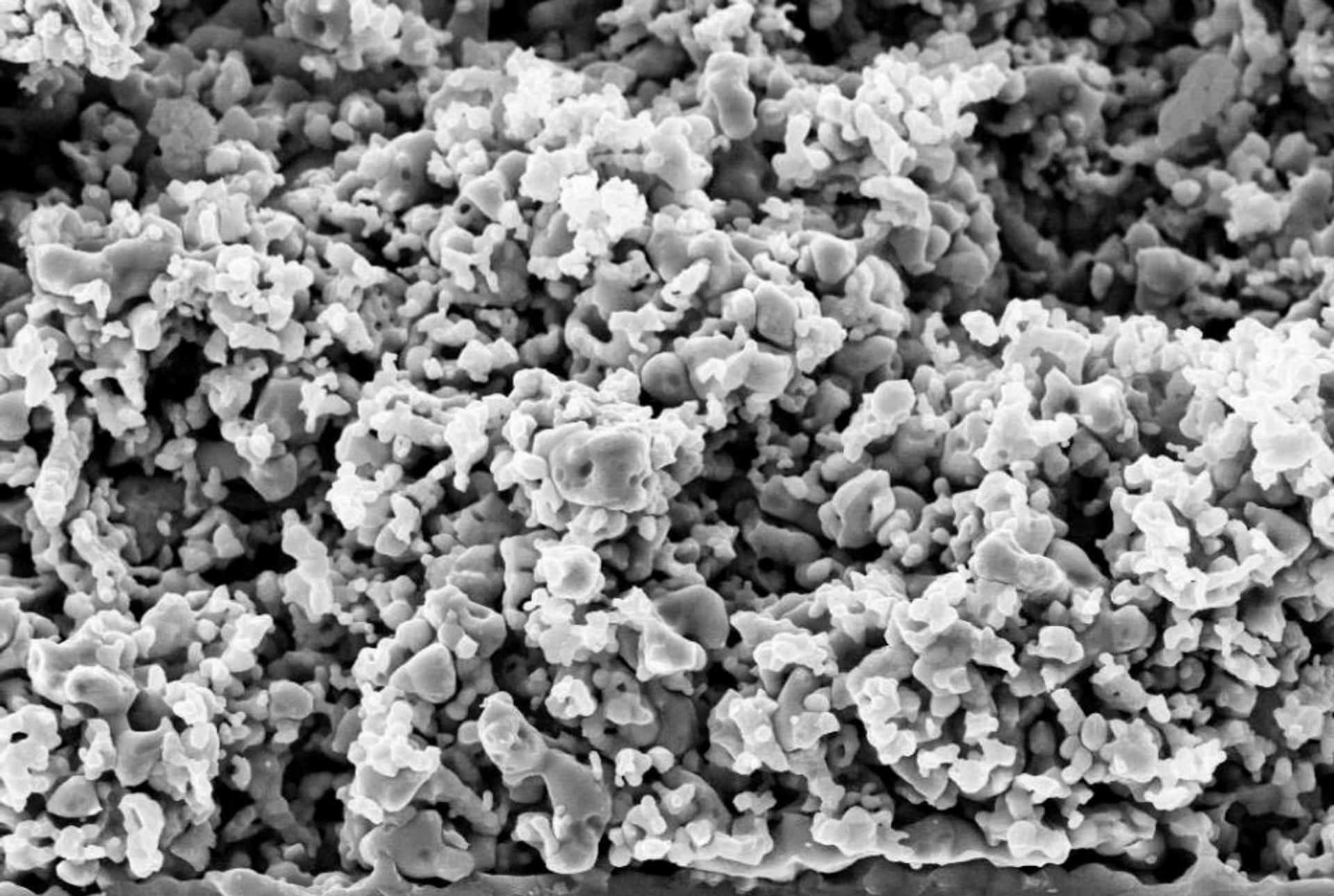
Body Centered Cubic Crystal Structure of Iron



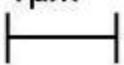


ENGINEHOUSE
-N°5-





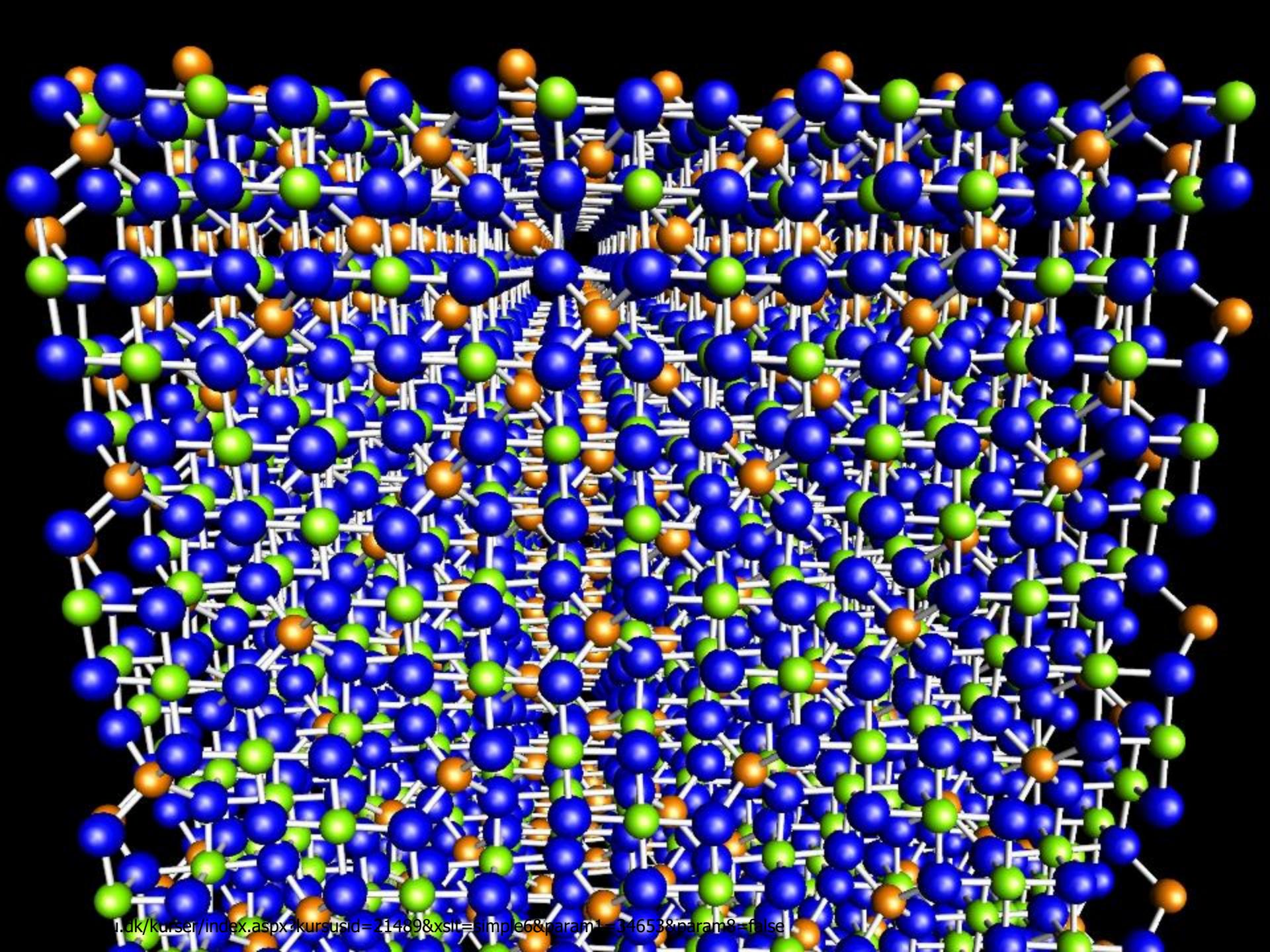
1μm



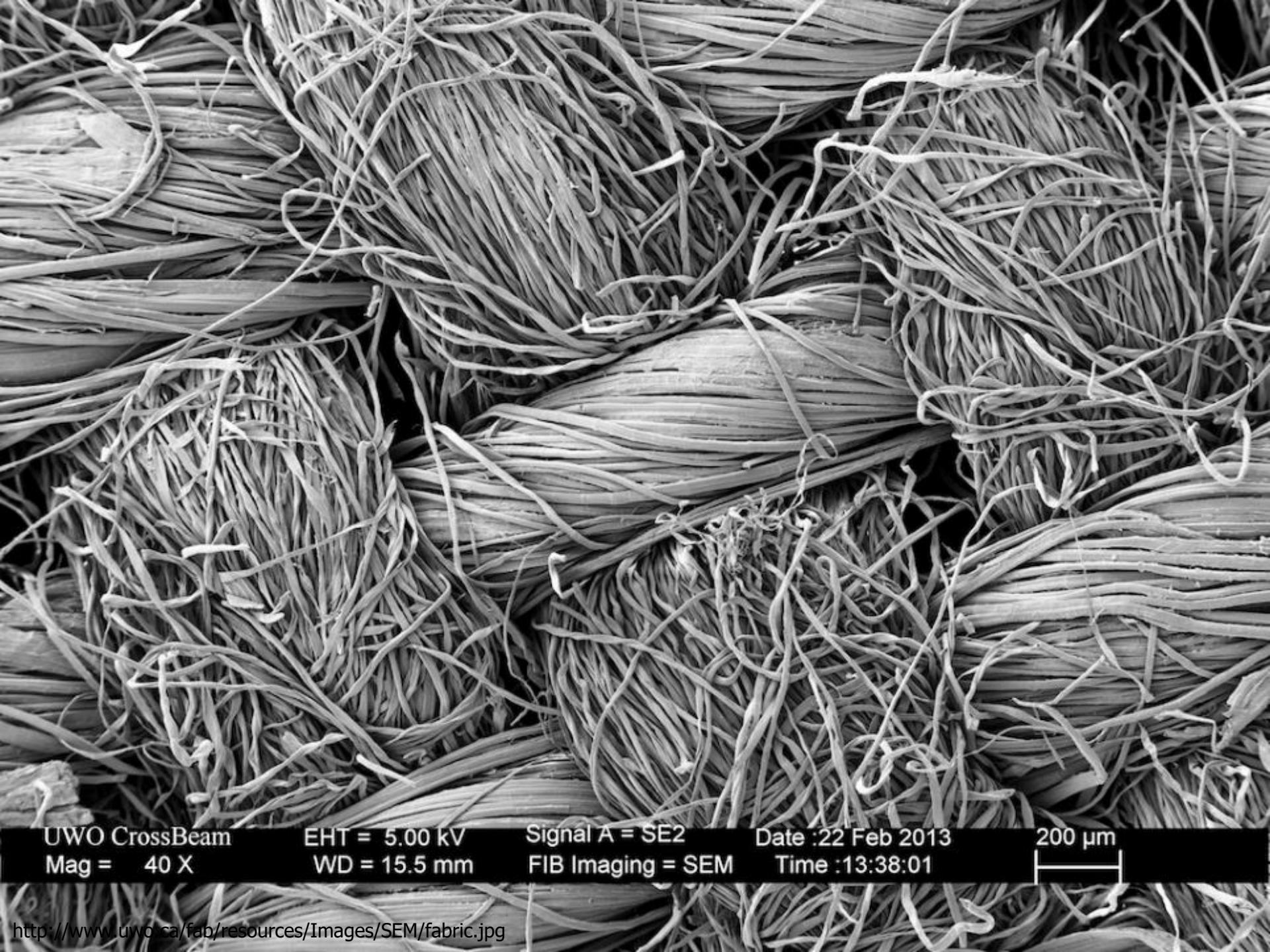
EHT = 10.00 kV
WD = 5 mm

Signal A = SE2
Photo No. = 6497

Date :26 Feb 2003
Time :17:42:54







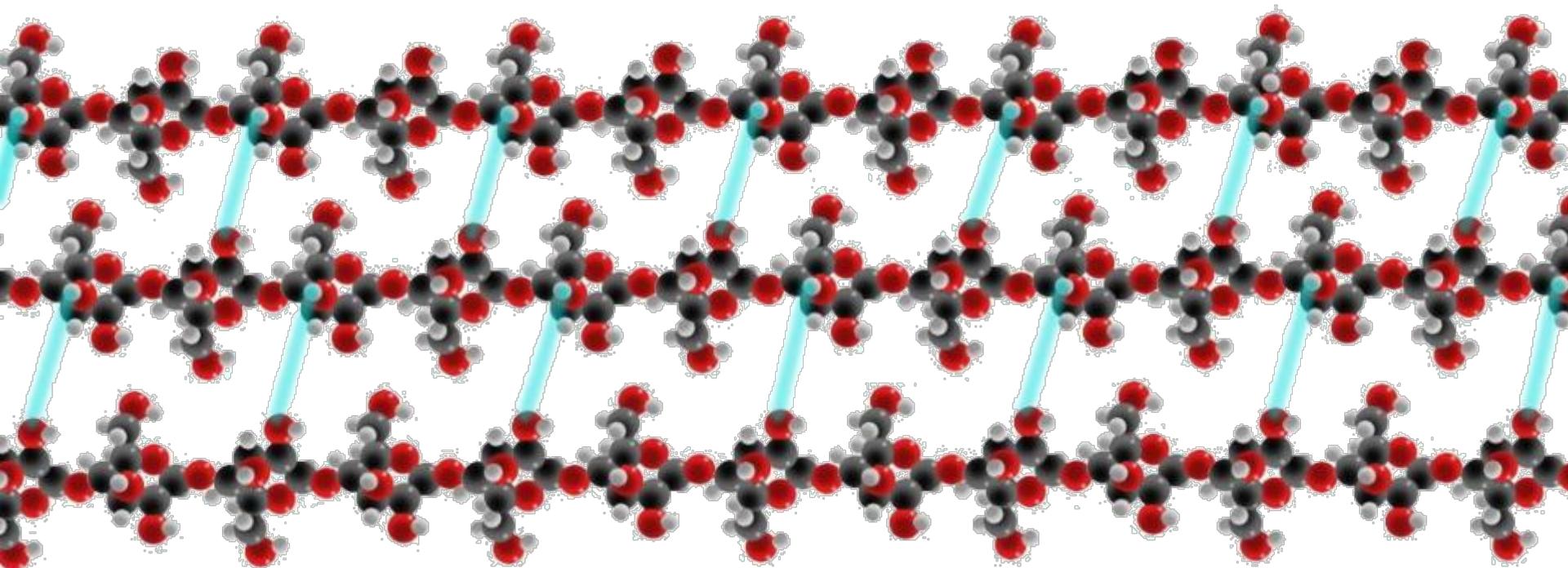
UWO CrossBeam
Mag = 40 X

EHT = 5.00 kV
WD = 15.5 mm

Signal A = SE2
FIB Imaging = SEM

Date : 22 Feb 2013
Time : 13:38:01

200 µm

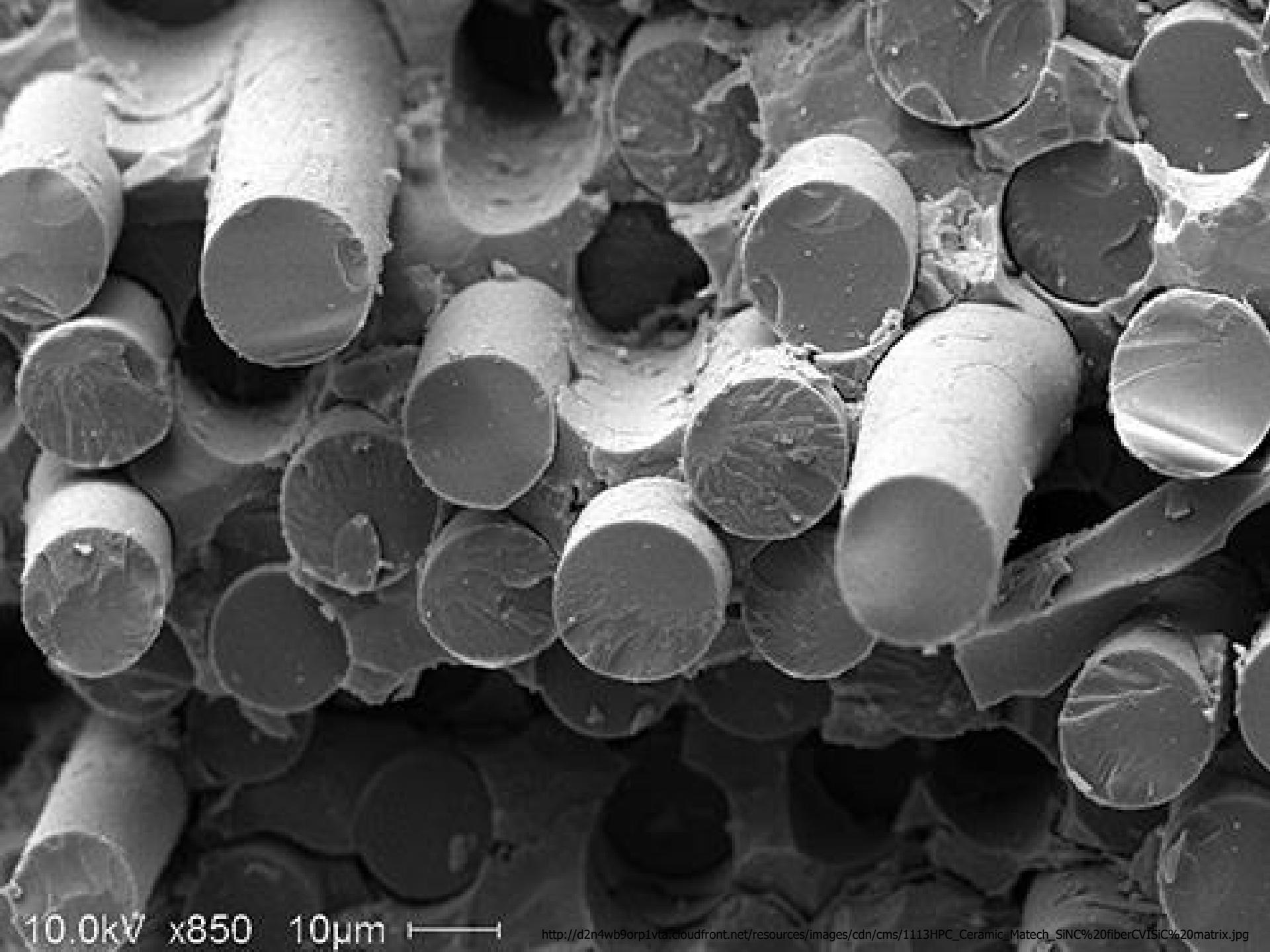






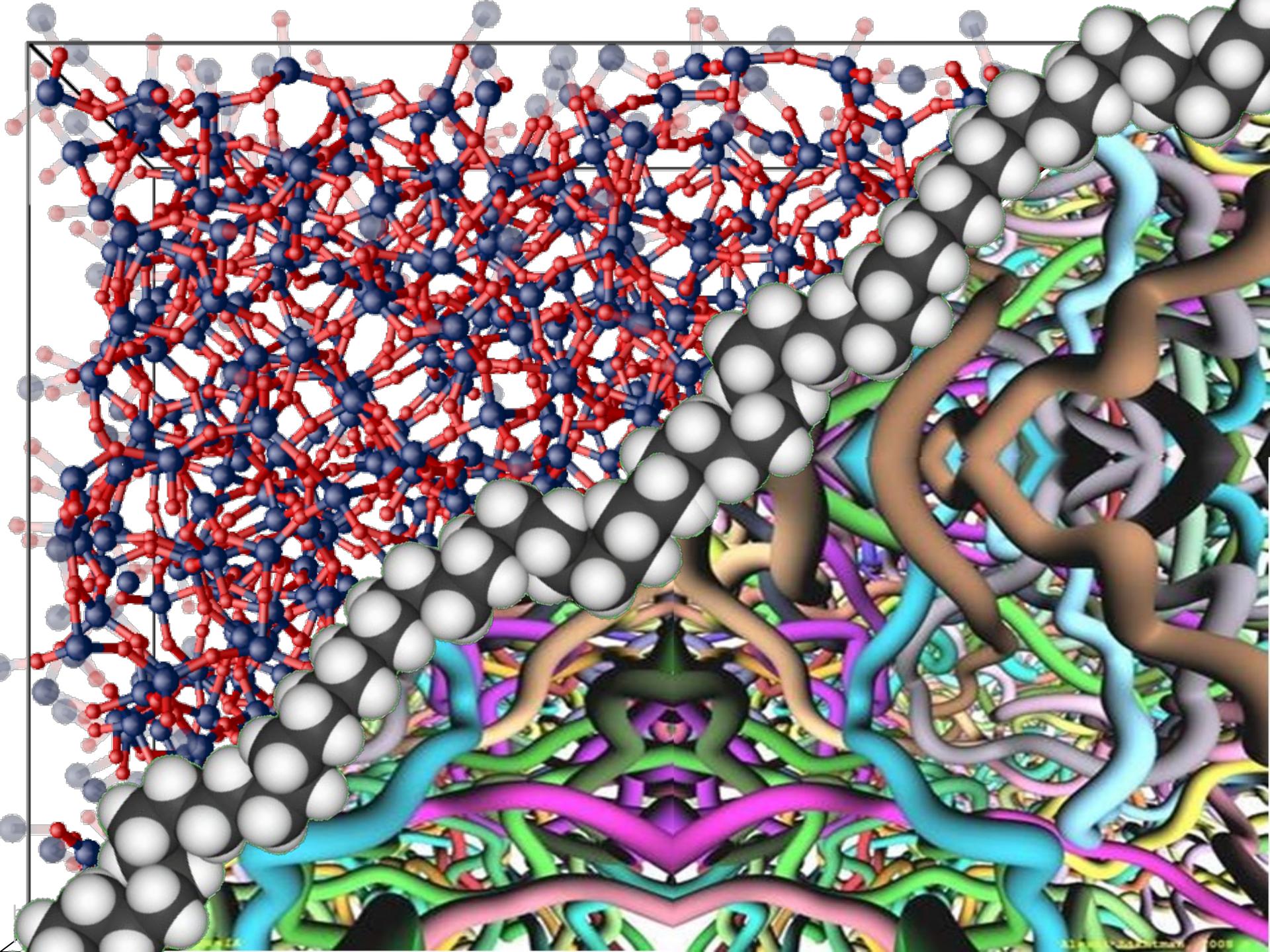
<http://www.boatdesign.net/forums/attachments/materials/50871d1291586763-heat-treated-fiberglass-mat-p1010129.jpg>

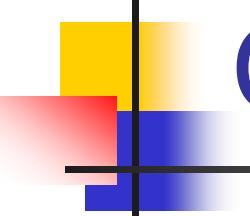
<http://www.easycomposites.co.uk/images/products/large/EF80-Flexible-Epoxy-Resin.jpg>



10.0kV x850 10µm

http://d2n4wb9orp1vta.cloudfront.net/resources/images/cdn/cms/1113HPC_Ceramic_Matech_SiNC%20fiberCVSiC%20matrix.jpg

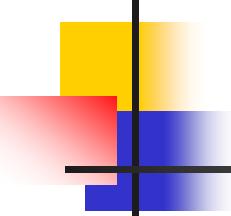




Categories of Properties

- **Mechanical Properties** – deformation of material due to applied force
- **Electrical** – reaction of material to applied electric field
- **Thermal** – reaction of material to applied heat
- **Magnetic** – response of material to applied magnetic field
- **Optical** – response of material to light radiation
- **Deteriorative** – response of material to chemical and environmental stimuli

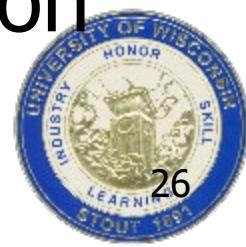




Metals



- **Bonding:** Metallic Bonding
- **Structure:** Crystalline Lattice
- **Plusses:** Strong, Tough, Heat Resistant, Weldable
- **Minuses:** Heavy, Prone to Corrosion

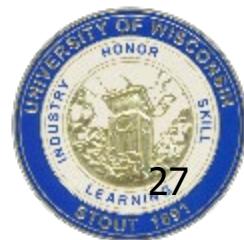


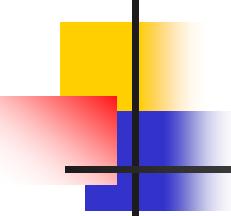


Ceramics



- **Bonding:** Covalent Bonding
- **Structure:** Crystalline Lattice
- **Plusses:** High Compressive Strength,
Heat Resistant
- **Minuses:** Low Impact Strength





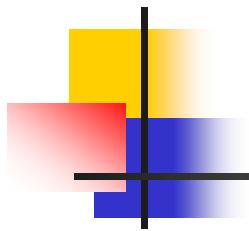
Polymers



- **Bonding:** Covalent Bonding and Inter-Chain IMFs
- **Structure:** Amorphous and Semi-crystalline
- **Plusses:** Easy to form, recyclable

- **Minuses:** Low Heat Tolerance, Not as Strong





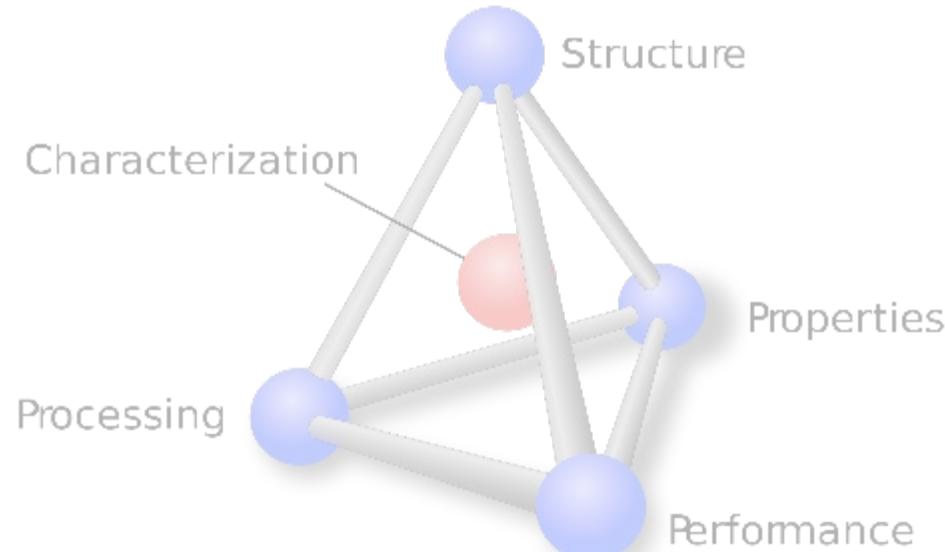
Materials and Nanoscience

- Structure

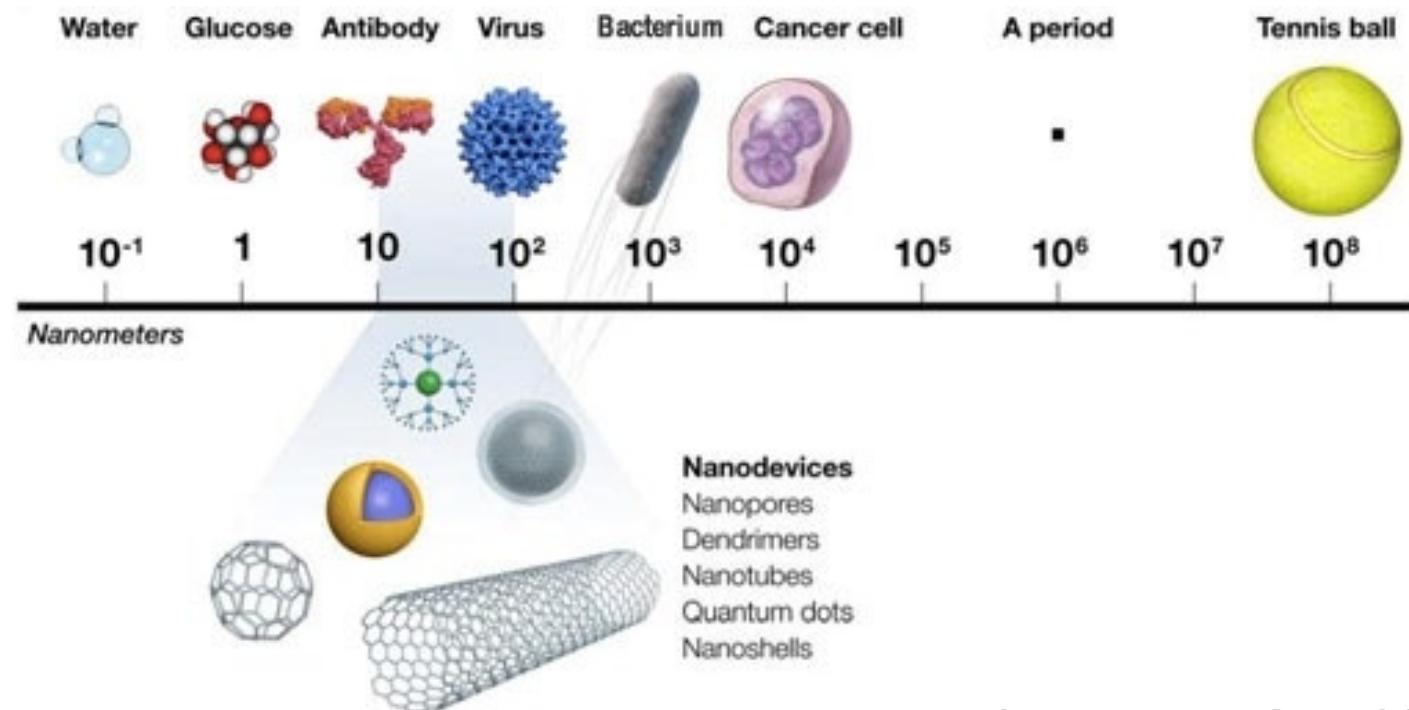
- Property-Performance-Processing-Characterization

- Size

- Property-Performance-Processing-Characterization

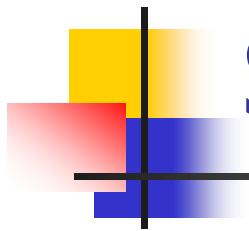


Size Range

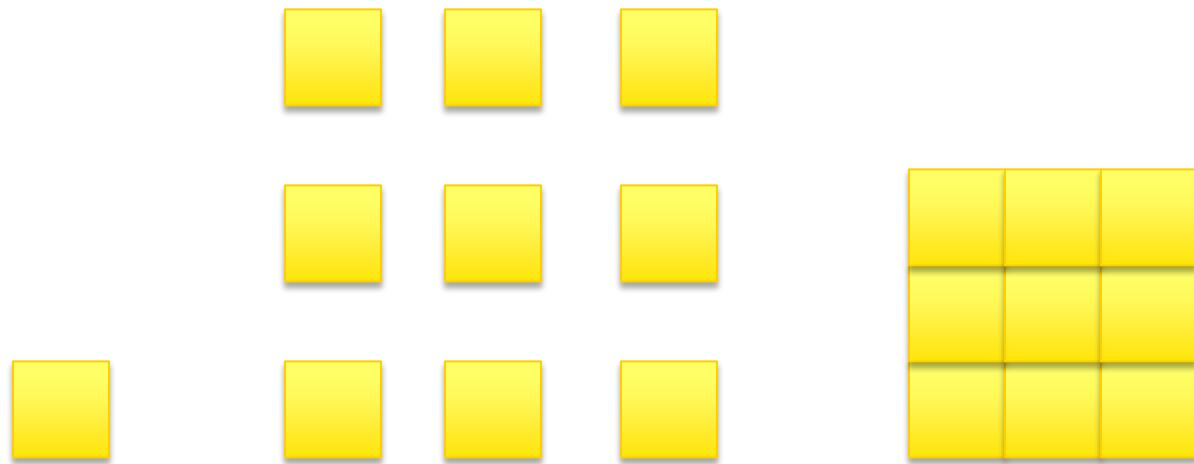


©2011 National Institutes of Health



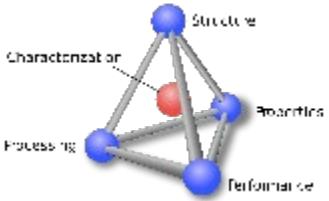


Surface Area to Volume Ratio



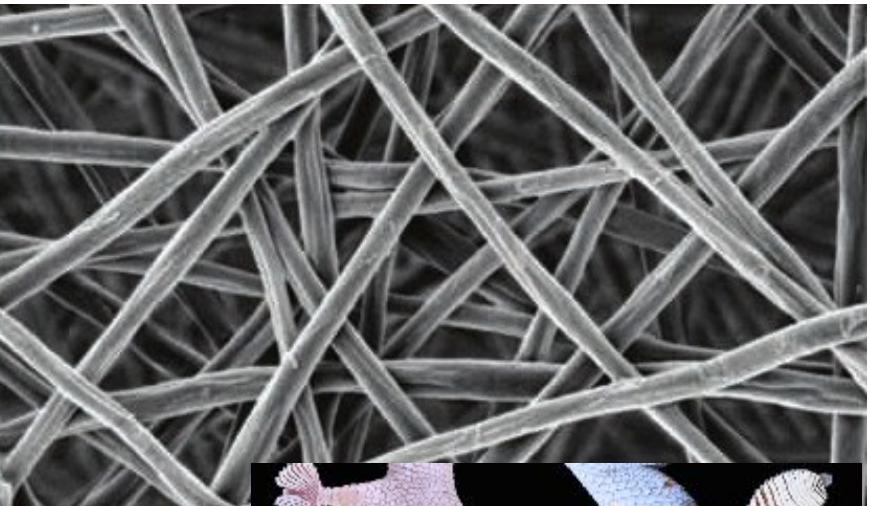
Surface Area (m^2)	.24	2.2	1.2
Volume (m^3)	.008	.072	.072
Ratio (m^{-1})	30	30	17





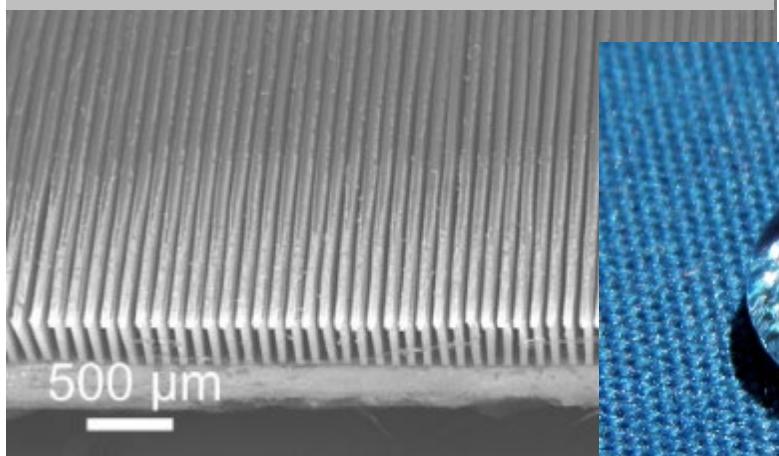
Surface Area

- Filtration
- Heat dissipation
- Wetting
- Adhesion



materialsviews.com

CNT microfins by Dr. Liu, Chalmers U. of Tech.

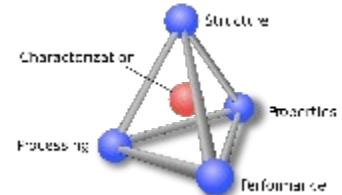


Brocken Inaglory [CC-BY-SA-3.0]

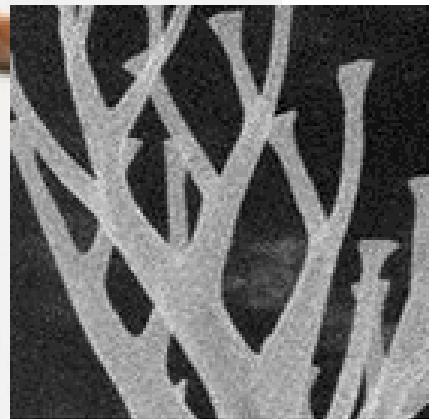
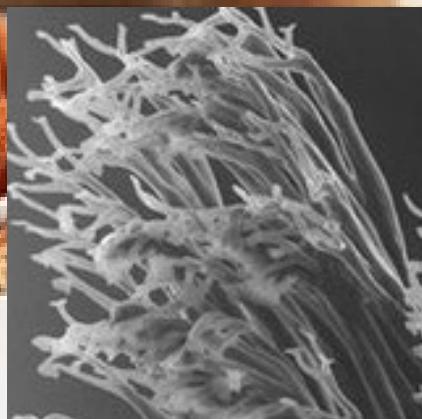
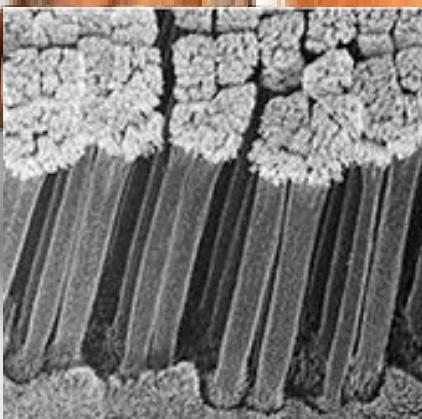


gecko feet © 2009 Kellar Autumn





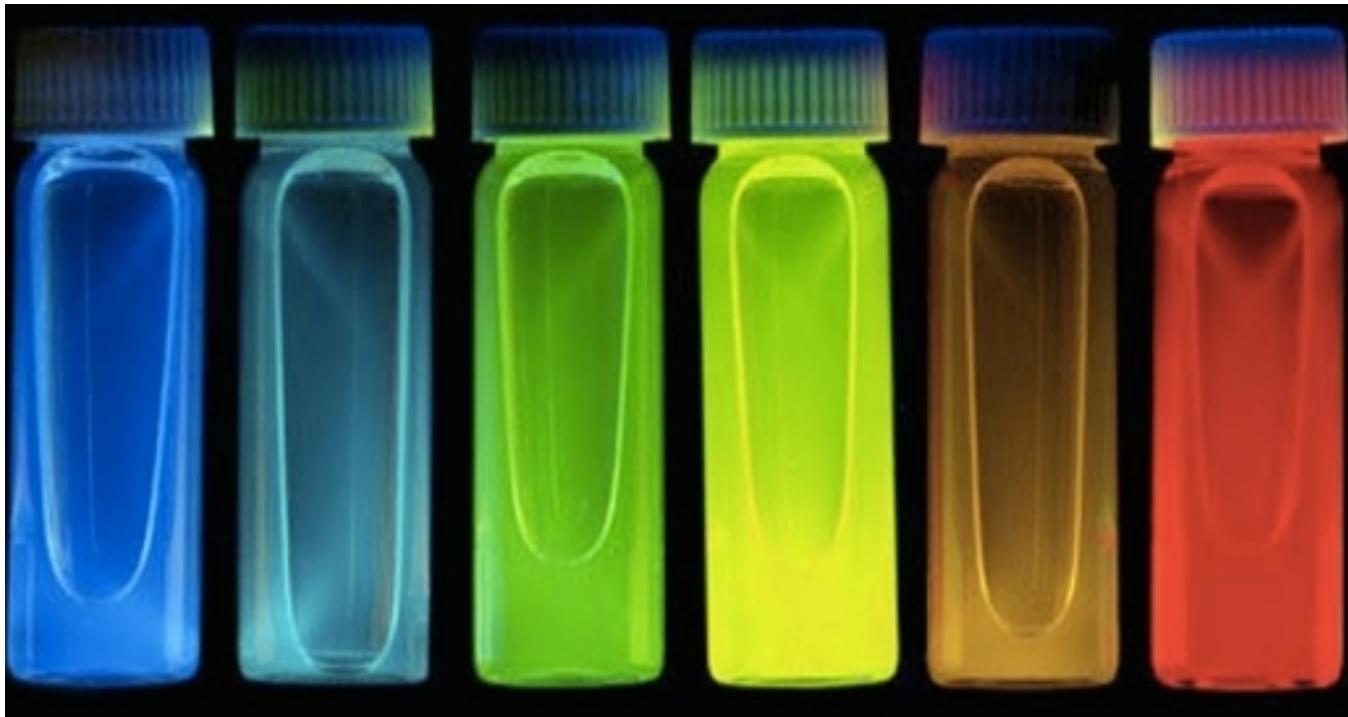
van der Waals forces



Blue Morpho Butterfly



Size Matters



colloidal suspensions of variously-sized quantum dots in inert solvents © Felice Frankel

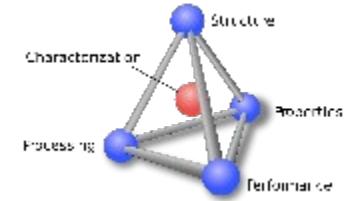


Medieval Stained Glass



Theodosius Arrives at Ephesus (Scene from the Legend of the Seven Sleepers), ca. 1200–1205. The Cloisters Collection, 1980 (1980.263.4)



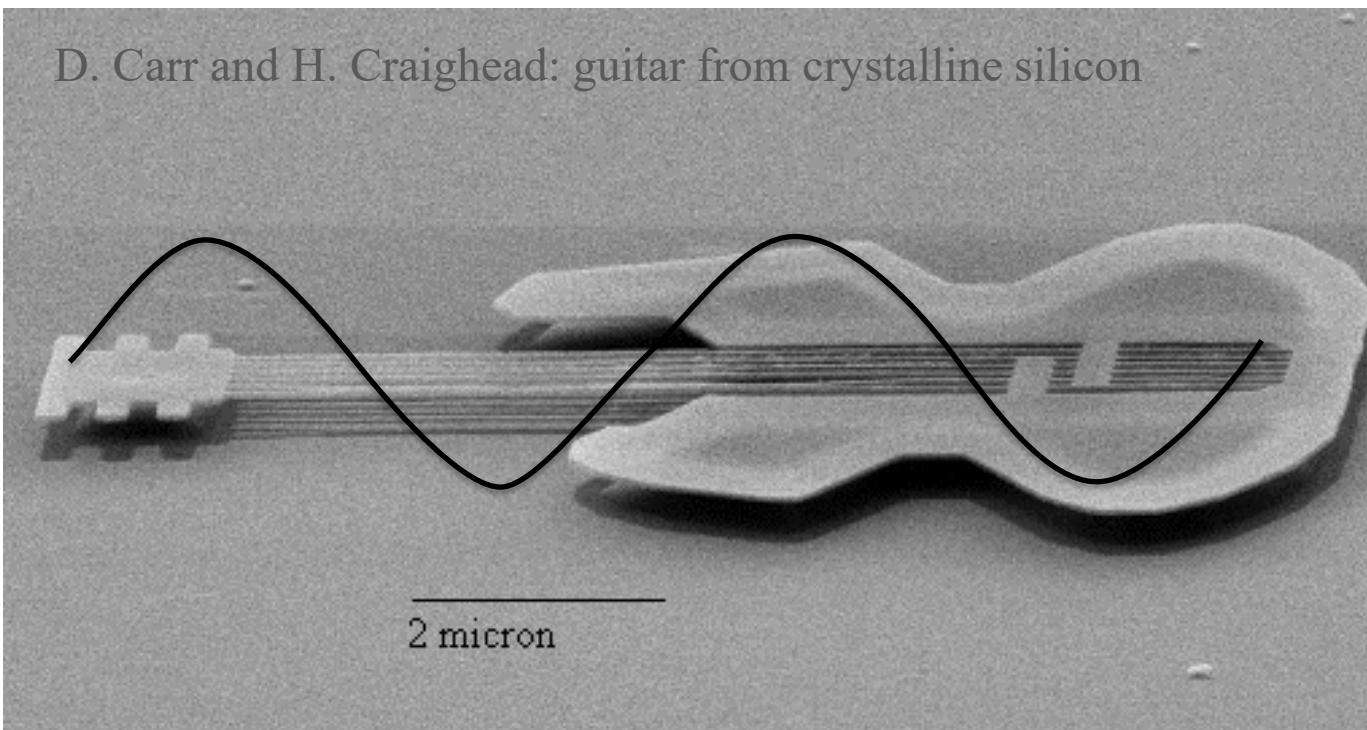


Nano Guitar



Button your
vacuole, baby!

D. Carr and H. Craighead: guitar from crystalline silicon



86 MHz (humans can't hear above 20 kHz)

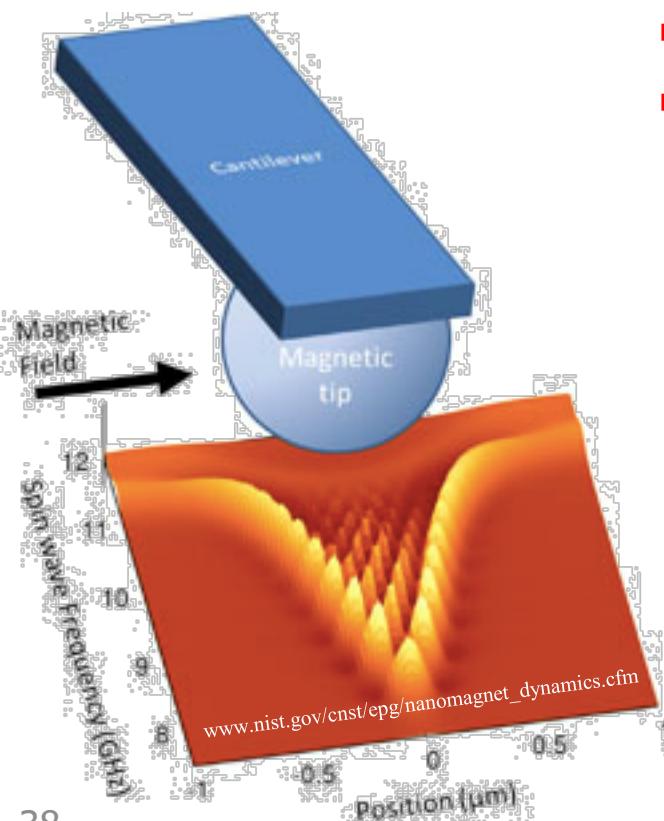


Nanomagnet Fabrication



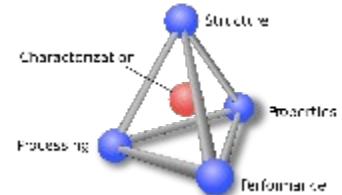
Hard Disks

- more robust than solid state drives
- current hard disks (10^{11} bytes)
- Nanomagnet disks ($>10^{13}$ bytes)



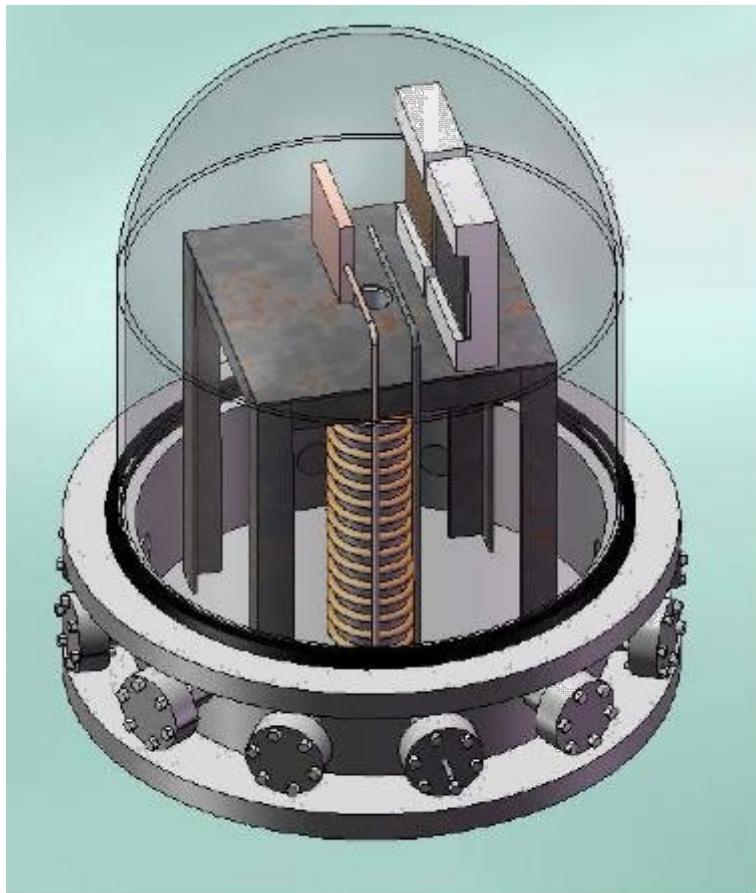
University of California - Davis. (2013, May 20). Iron-platinum alloys could be new-generation hard drives. ScienceDaily.



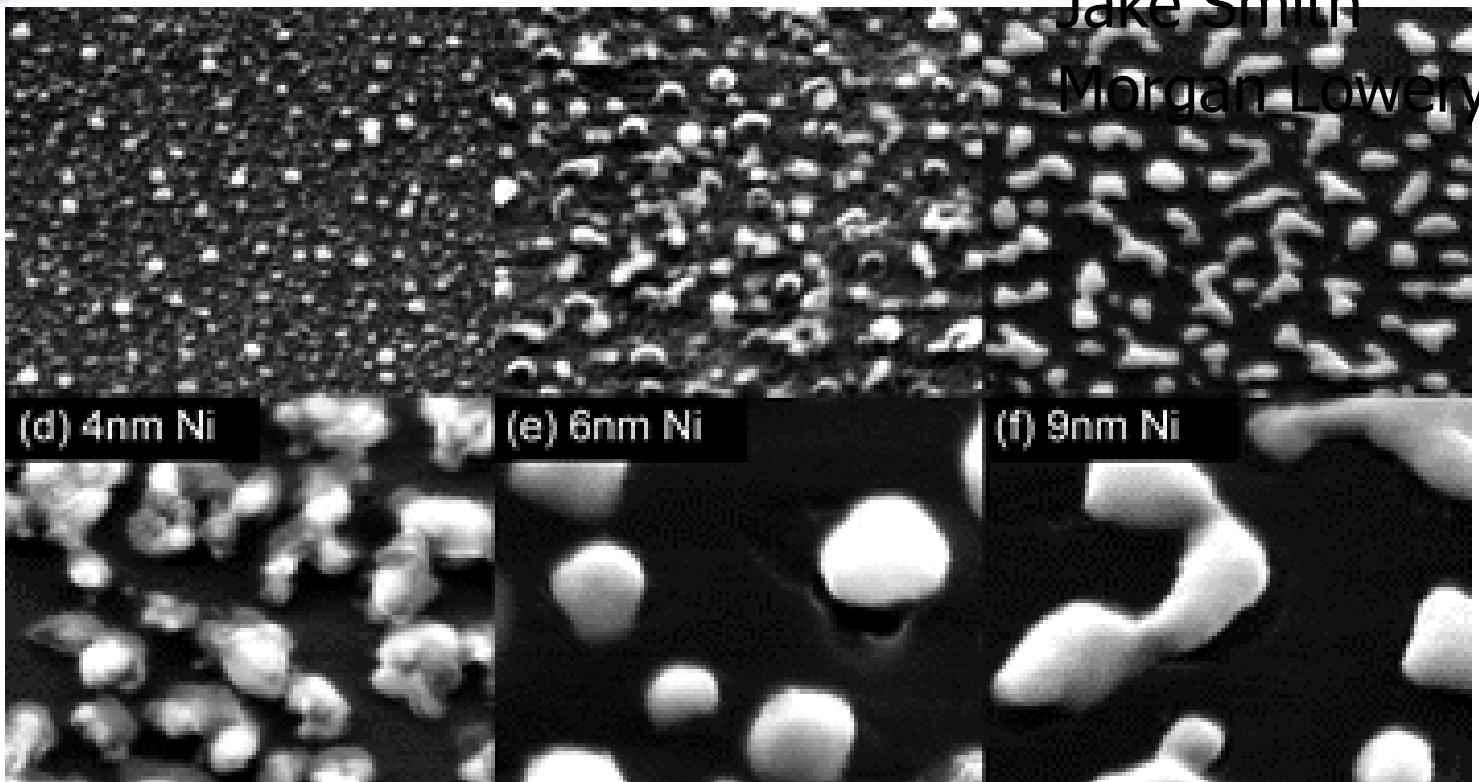


Sputter Chamber Construction

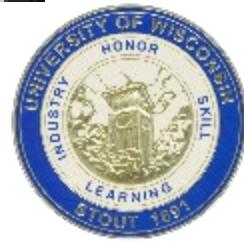
Cody Lang
Roy Lindsay
Aaron Forde
Kirk Coughlin
Ryan Kraft
Bill Hahn
Shawn Kozey
Jake Smith

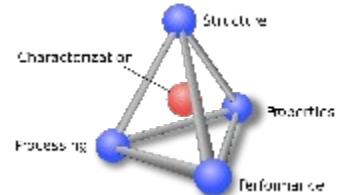


Sarah Voeller
Aaron Cochran
Jacob Ferrina
Shawn Kozey
Jake Smith
Morgan Lowery



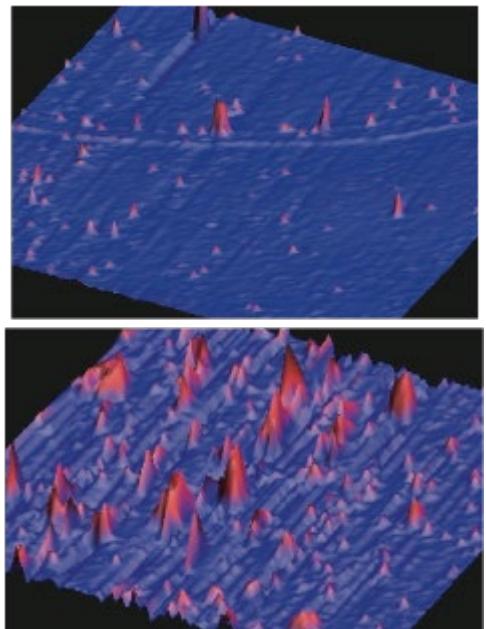
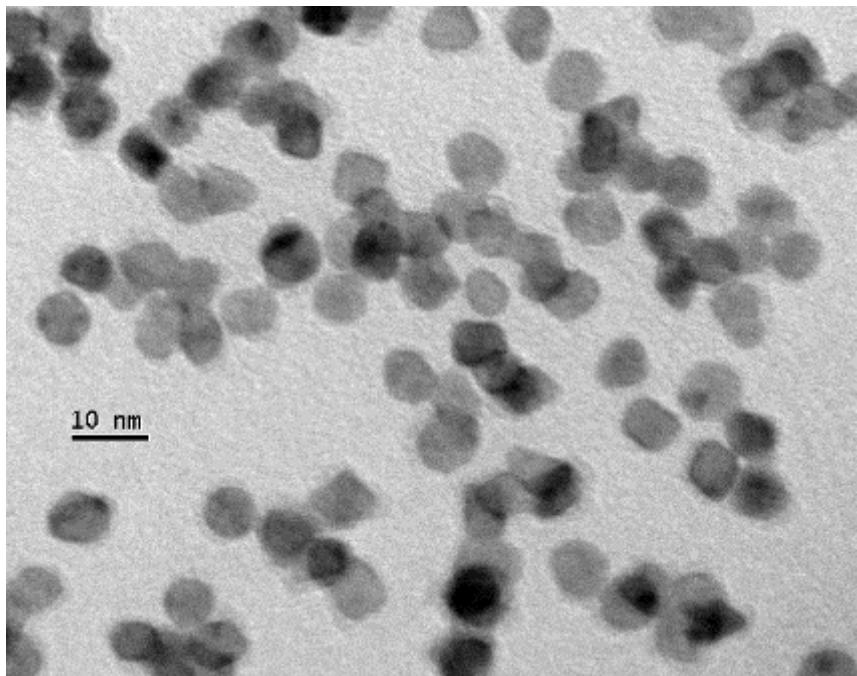
13 SEM photographs of Ni films with varying thicknesses deposited using magnetron sputtering on 50 nm of SiO₂ after annealing at 750 ° C in 20 Torr of H₂ for ...

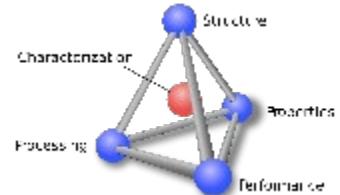




Nanomagnet Characterization

- AFM
- TEM

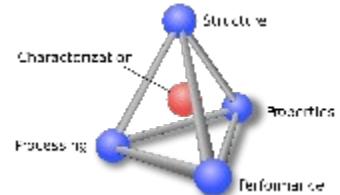




Quadrupole Mass Spec

- Matt Bouc

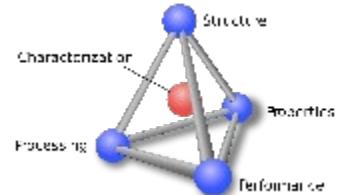




SEED Chamber Construction

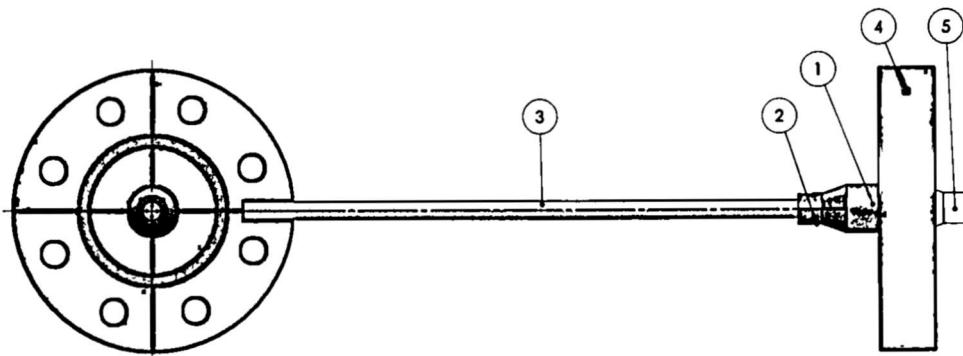
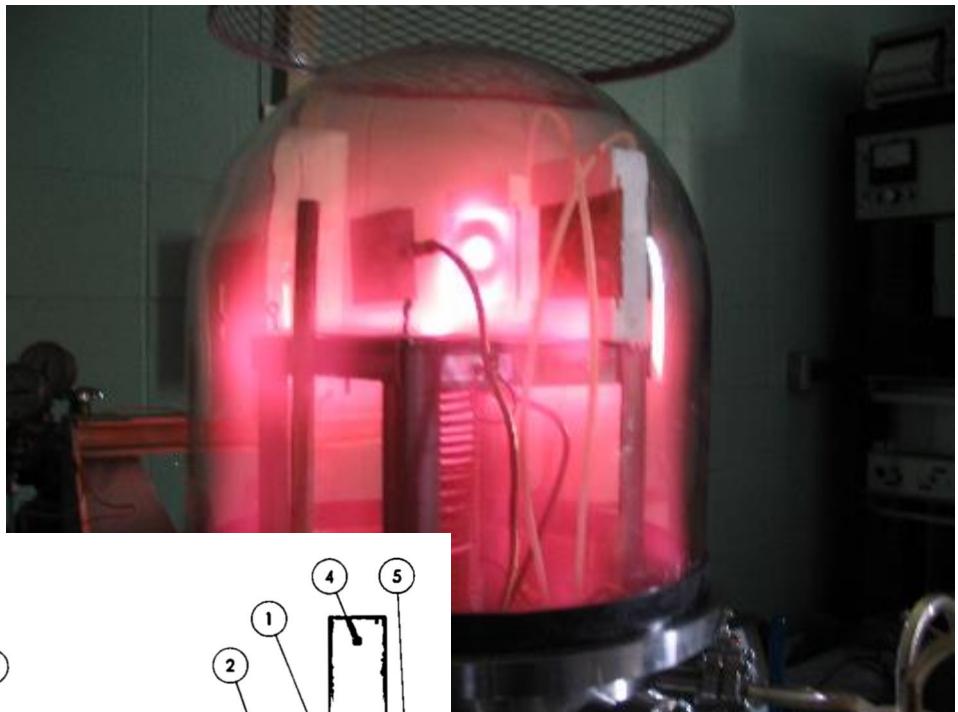
- Bill Hahn
- Joe Pagenkopf
- Matt Bouc

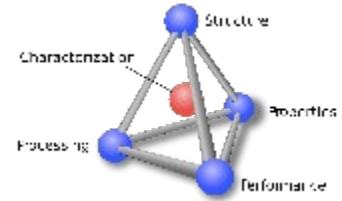




Plasma Diagnostics

- Langmuir Probe
- Emissive Probe
- Spectroscopy

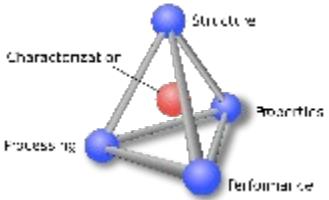




Physics of Cloud Formation

- Caleb Ryberg

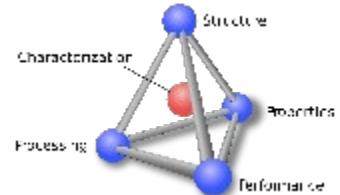




Indexing Nanomagnets

- Tom Yungbauer
- Chris Buelke
- Kirk Coughlin
- Matt Bouc





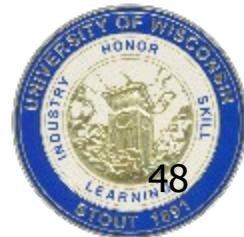
Reverse Engineering in Clean Room

- Take apart a microchip



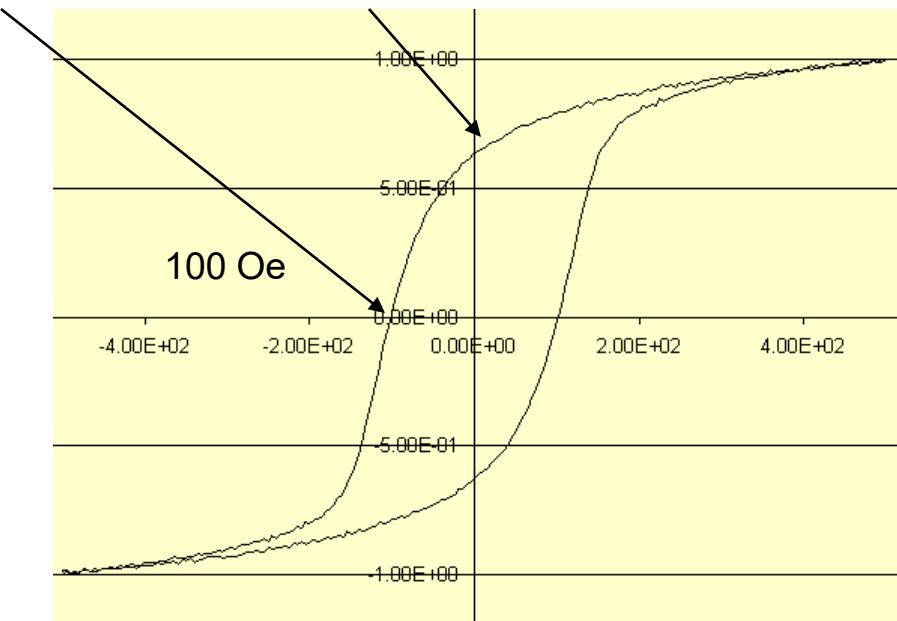
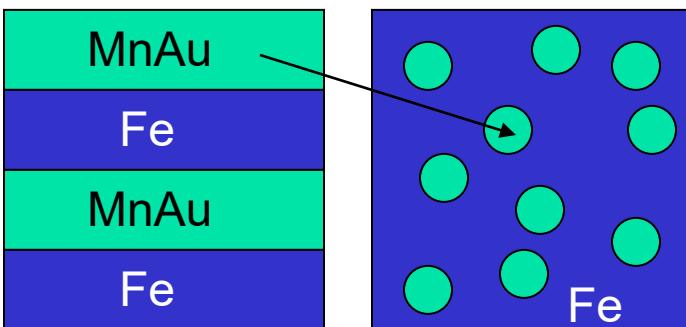
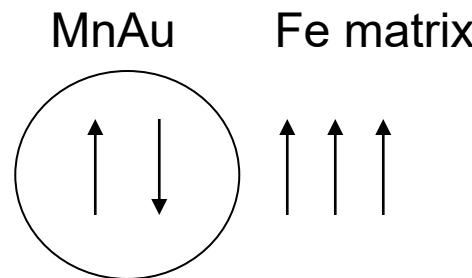
Introduction to Nano-Clusters

- Current data storage device
 - Hard disc
 - Thin Glass coated with magnetic material
 - Reading/Writing pads
 - Limits size of byte
- Desire for small devices/more data
 - 1950's hard disks (10^6 bytes)
 - Current hard disks (10^{11} bytes)
 - Nanomaterial hard disks ?
 - *At least* another factor of 100 increase



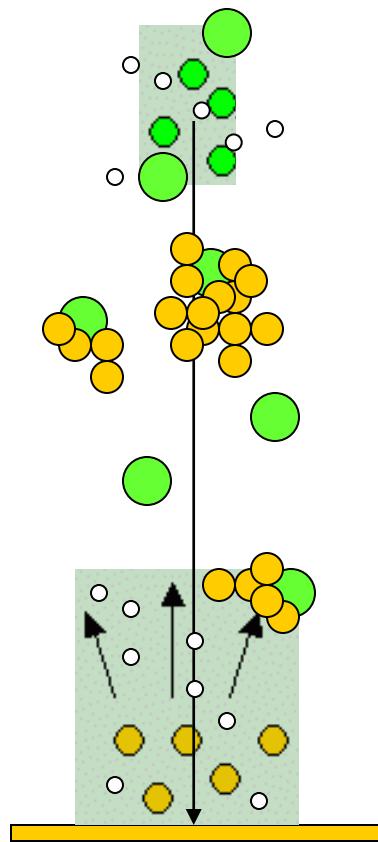
Nanomaterials Engineering

- Anti-Ferro magnet in Ferromagnetic Matrix
 - Cluster-matrix boundary pins the electron spin
 - High coercivity and Low magnetization



Gas Phase Aggregation

- Electron
- Inert atom
- Inert ion
- Target atom

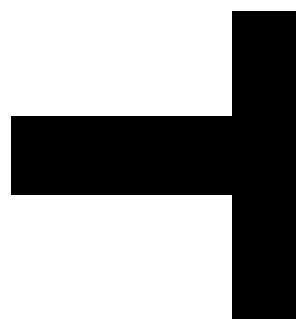


- Proto-Cluster Formation
 - Bombardment by ions
 - Target atom ejection
- Cluster Formation
 - Nucleation of target atoms
 - Anneal to change structure
 - Heating mechanism: *collisions between argon ions & clusters*
- Cluster Density
 - Secondary electron ejection
 - B field confines ejected electrons
 - More ions born!

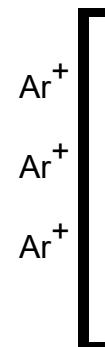


How a Sputtering Device Works

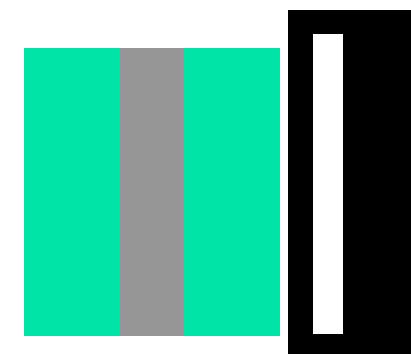
Pressure Differential
→ → → → → → →
- +



MnAu or
Fe Target

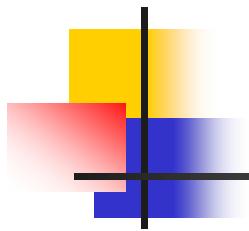


Supply gas
plate



Substrate





Ray Research



Suspension Polymerization

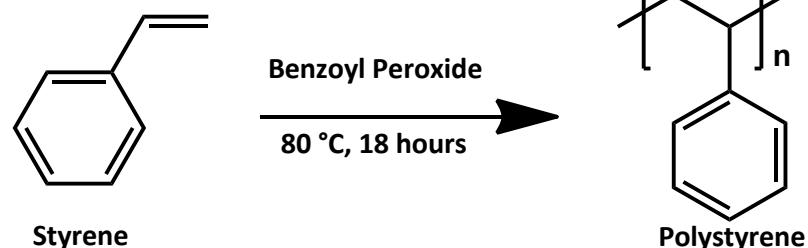


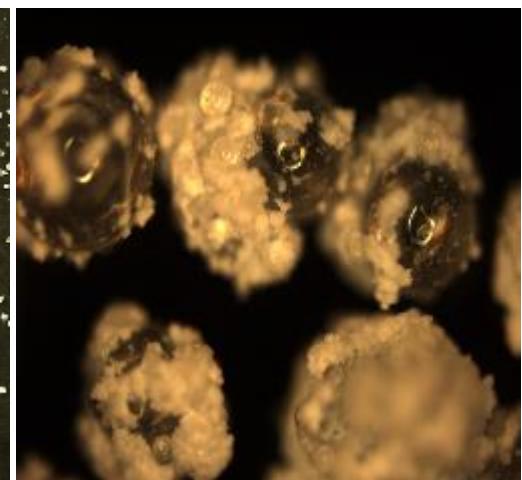
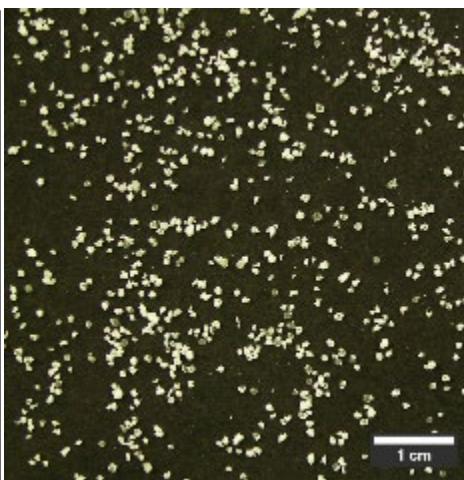
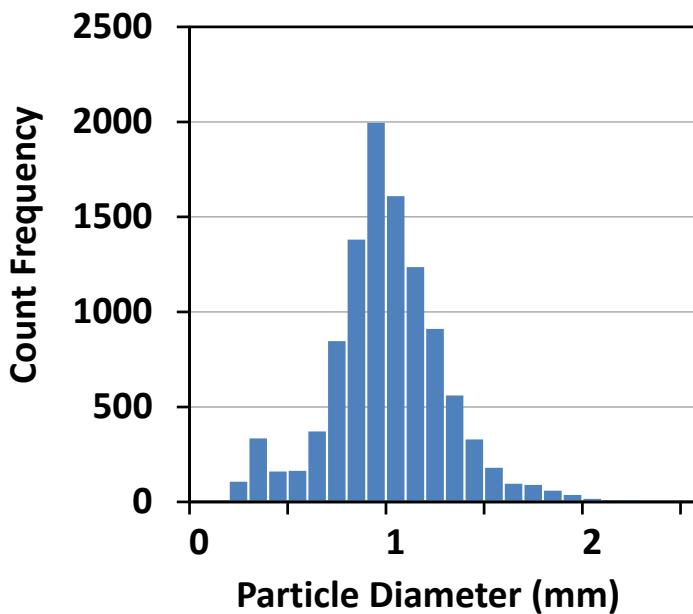
Table 1: Suspension Polymer Recipe

Ingredients	Amount
Water	234 g
5% Polyvinyl Alcohol	26 g
Styrene	88 g
Hexadecane	2 g
Benzoyl Peroxide	0.4 g

Clayton Barrix, Dayton Ramirez
Mitchell Woellner, Ellie Raethke



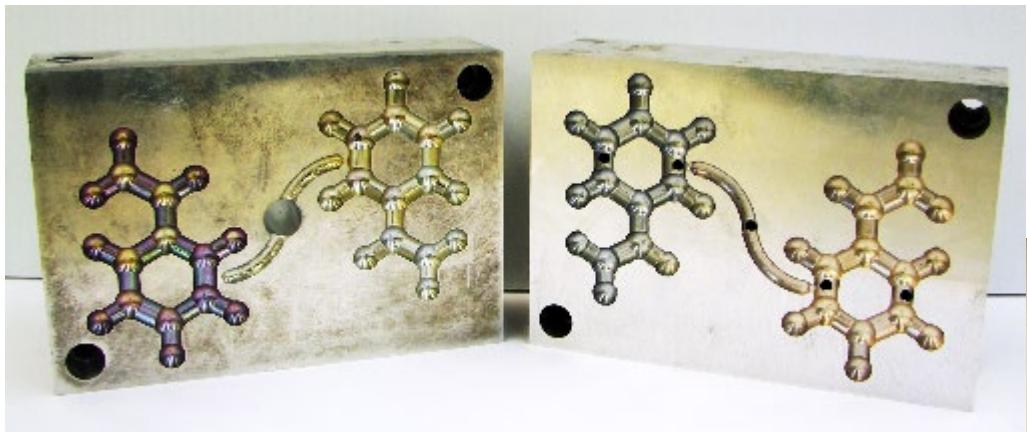
Particle Size Distribution



Clayton Barrix, Dayton Ramirez
Mitchell Woellner, Ellie Raethke

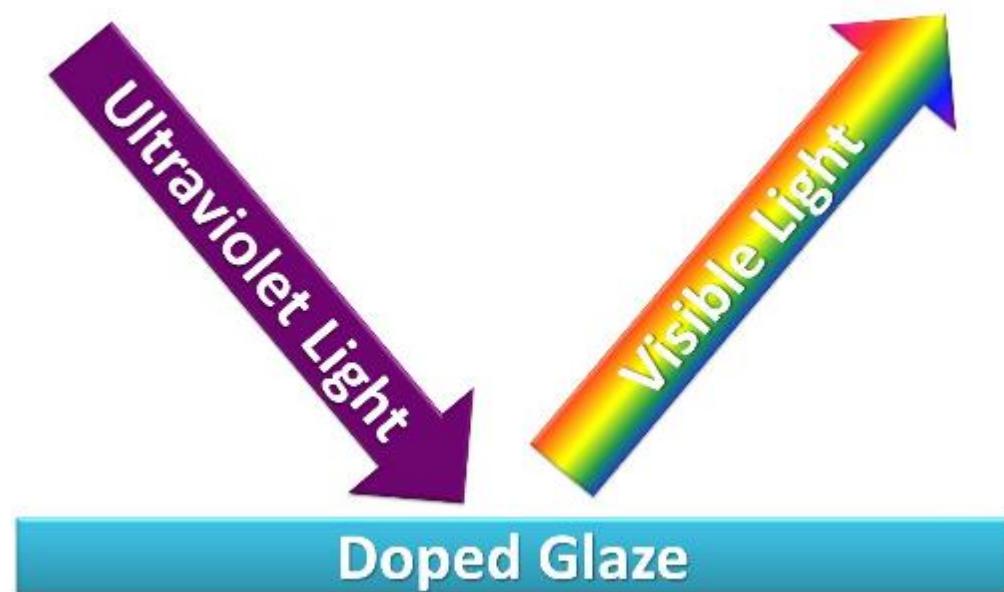


Injection Molding



Clayton Barrix
Dayton Ramirez

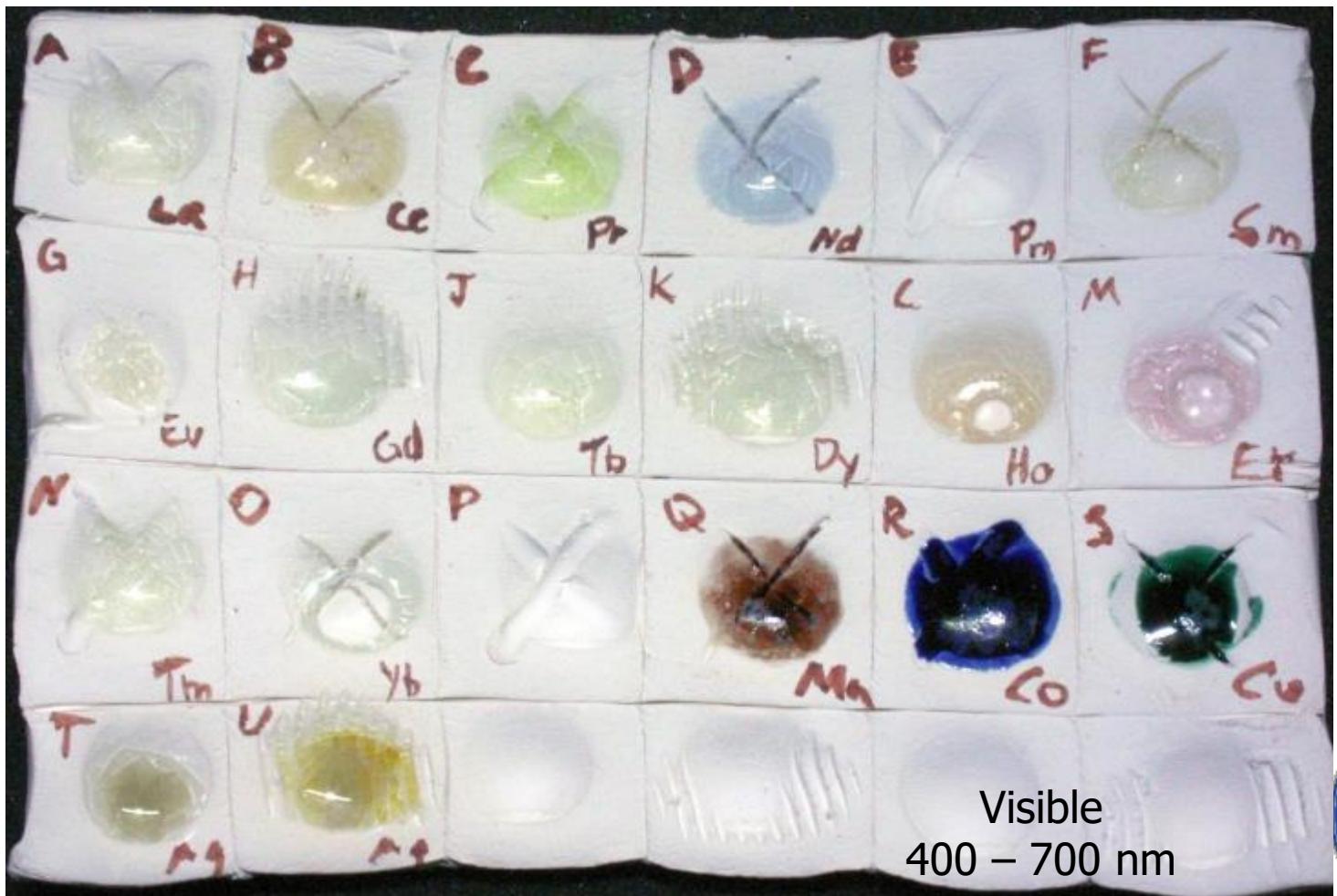
Fluorescent Ceramics



Fluorescent Ceramics



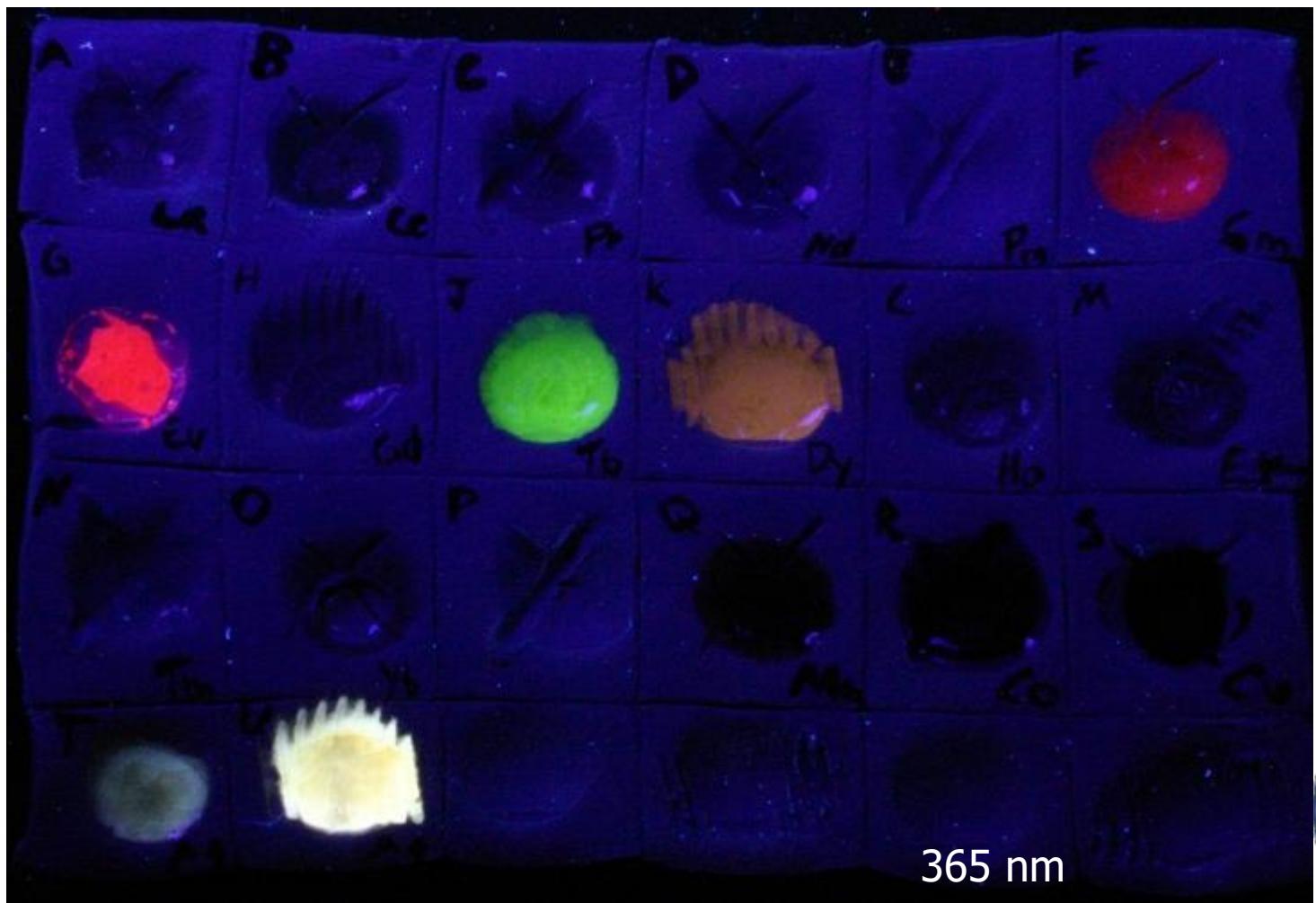
Felipe Marra-Mateus



Fluorescent Ceramics



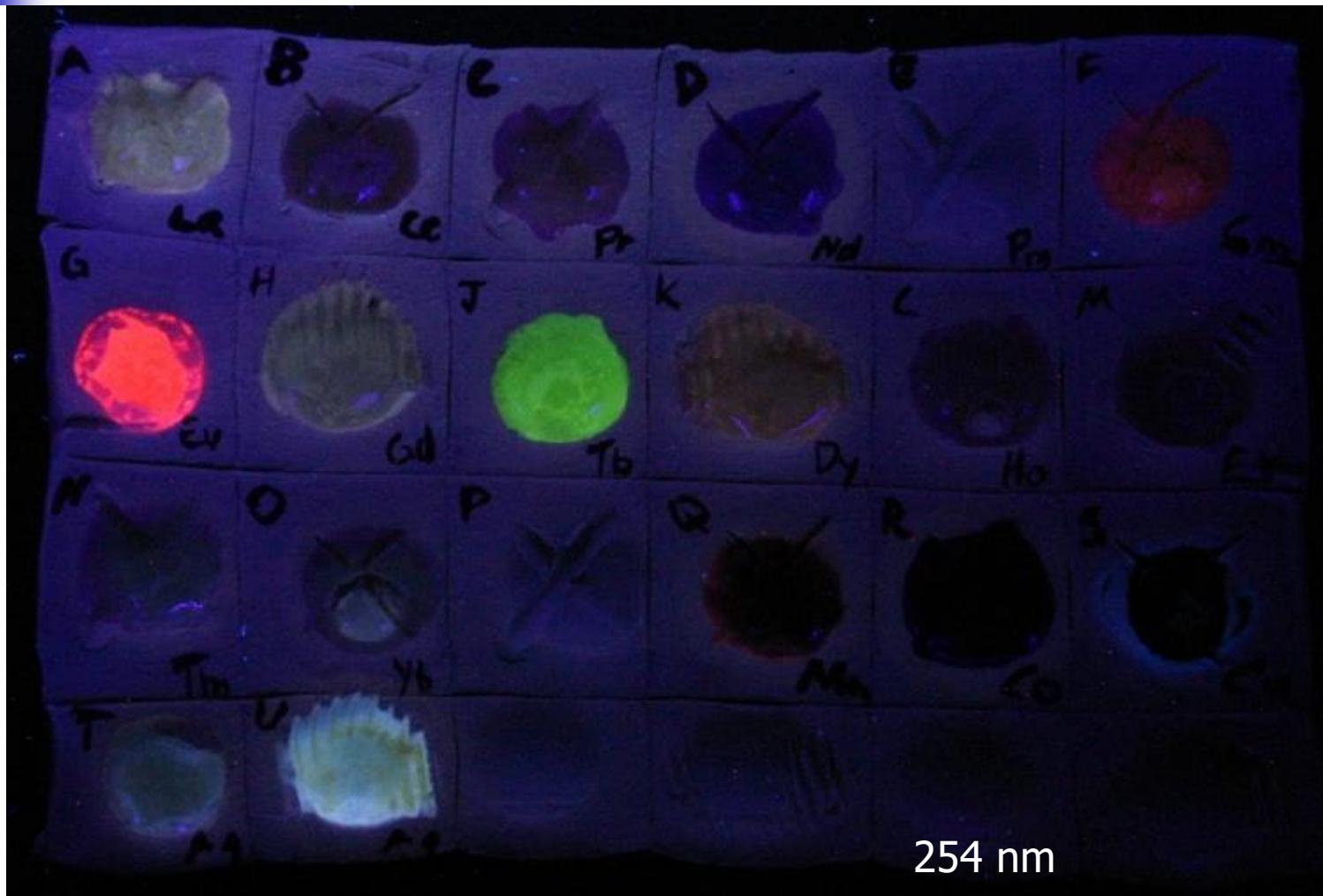
Felipe Marra-Mateus



Fluorescent Ceramics



Felipe Marra-Mateus



254 nm

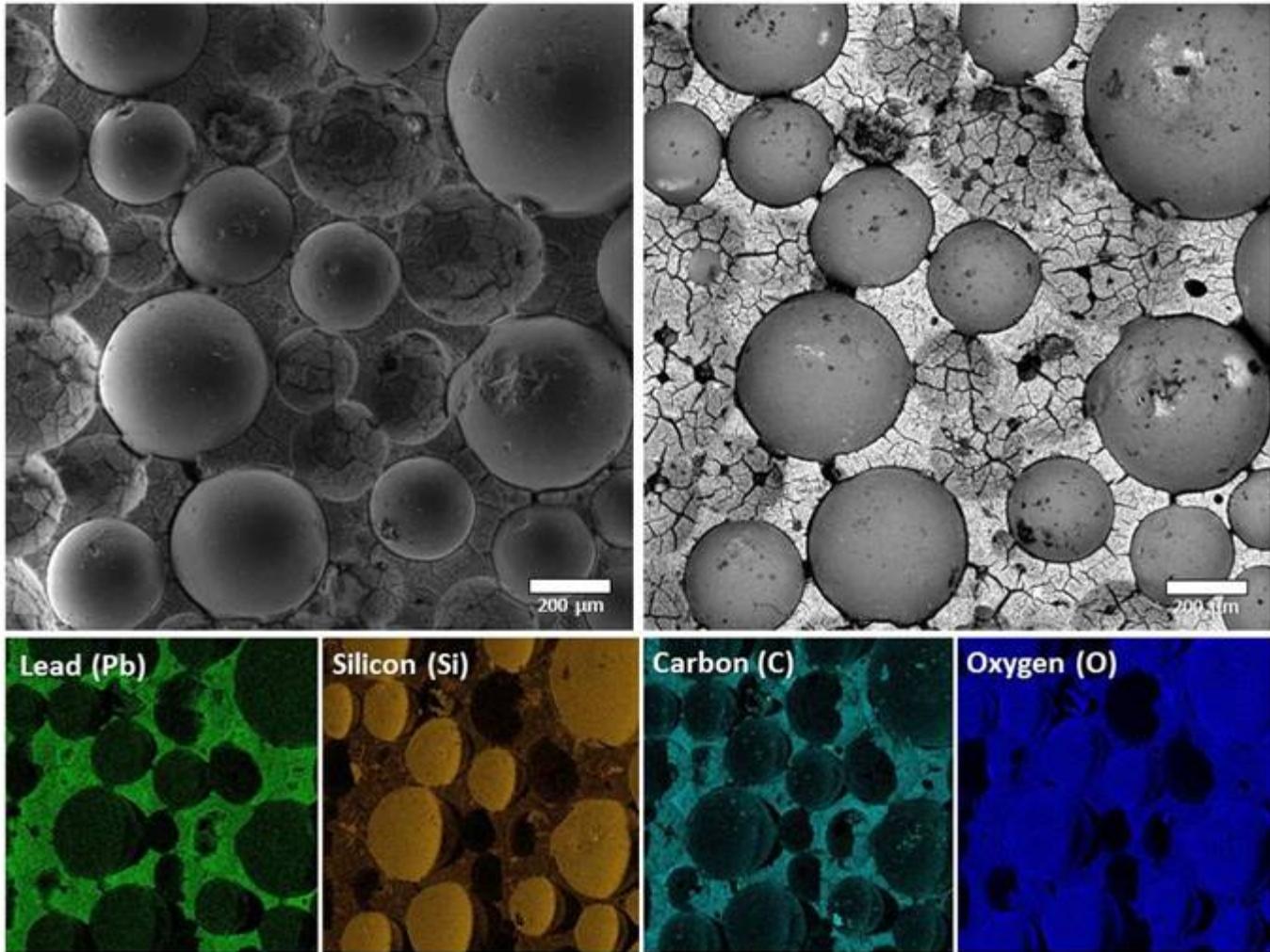
Fluorescent Ceramics



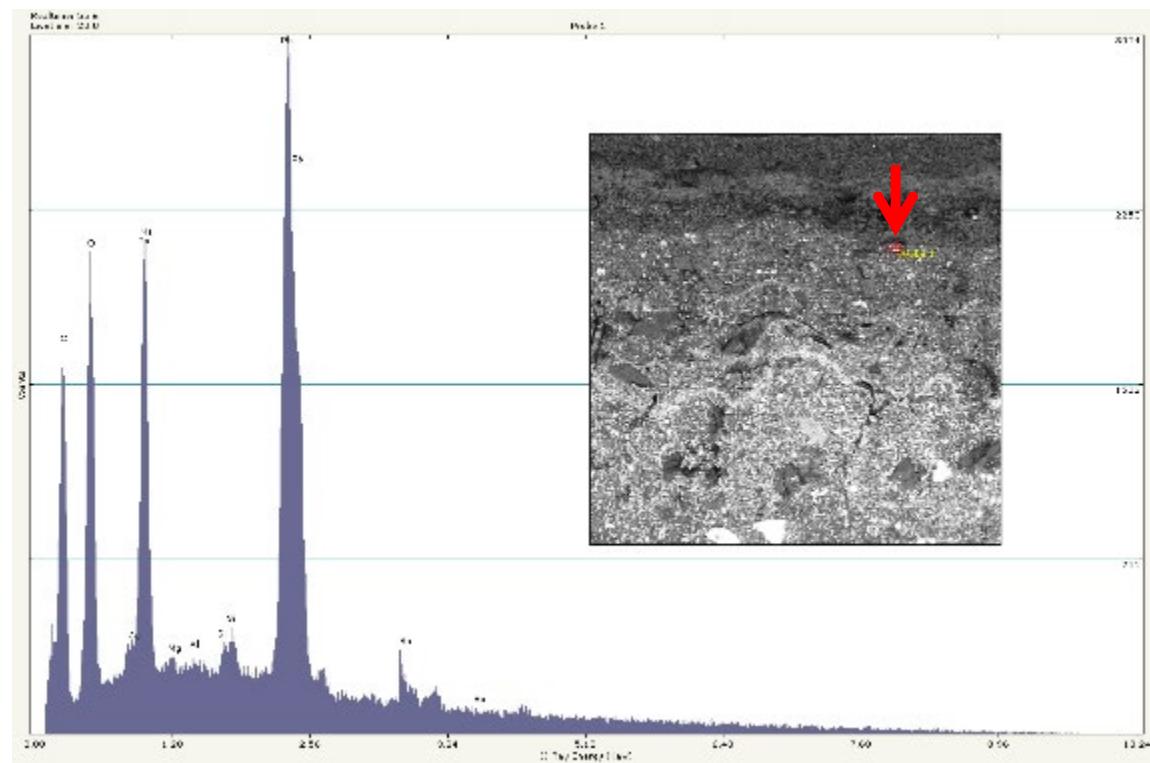
Worthington Control	3.0% Tb 0% Eu	3.0% Tb 0.1% Eu	3.0% Tb 0.3% Eu
3.0% Tb 0.5% Eu	3.0% Tb 0.75% Eu	3.0% Tb 1.0% Eu	3.0% Tb 1.5% Eu



Lead Analysis

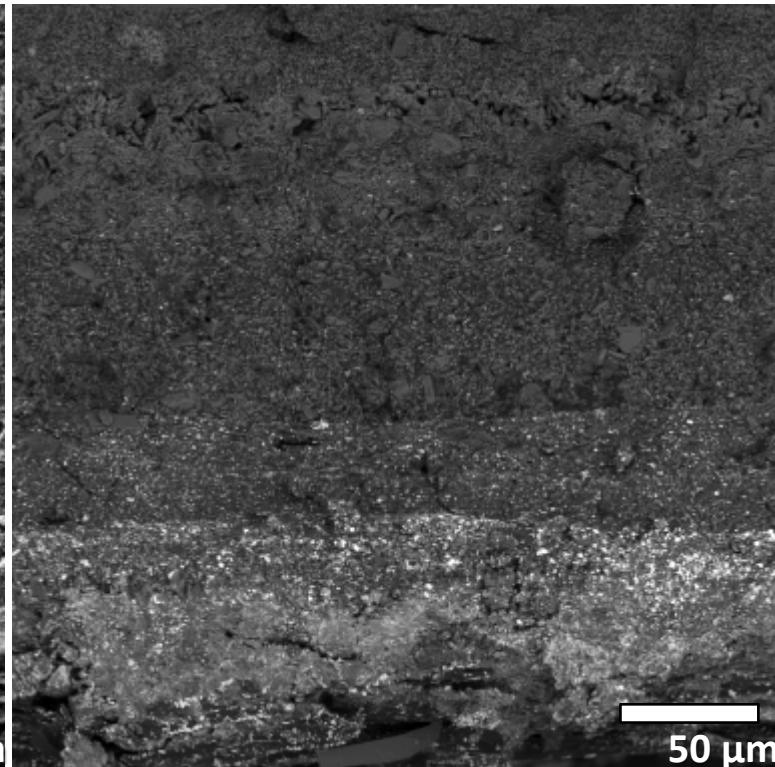
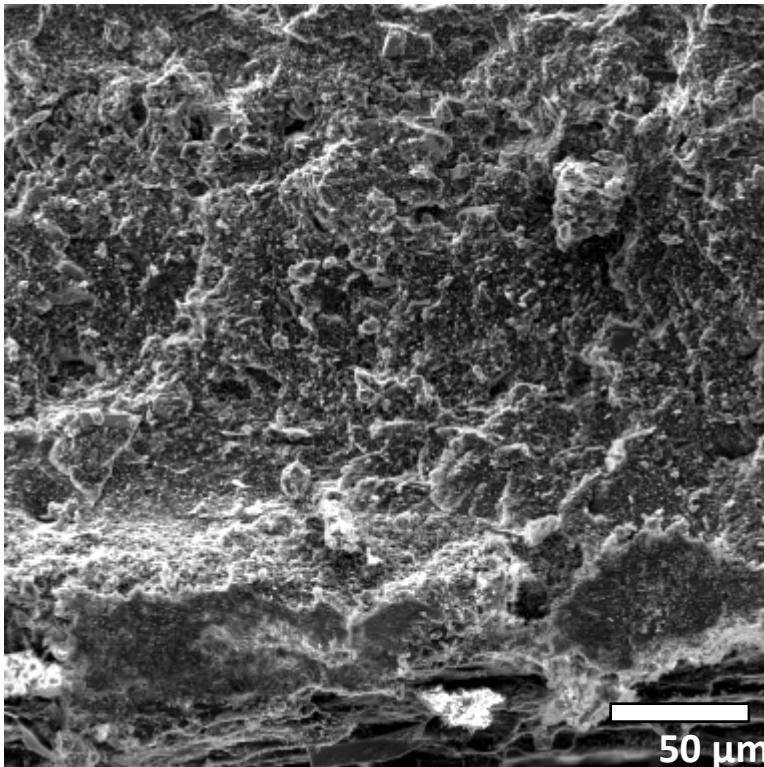


Lead Analysis



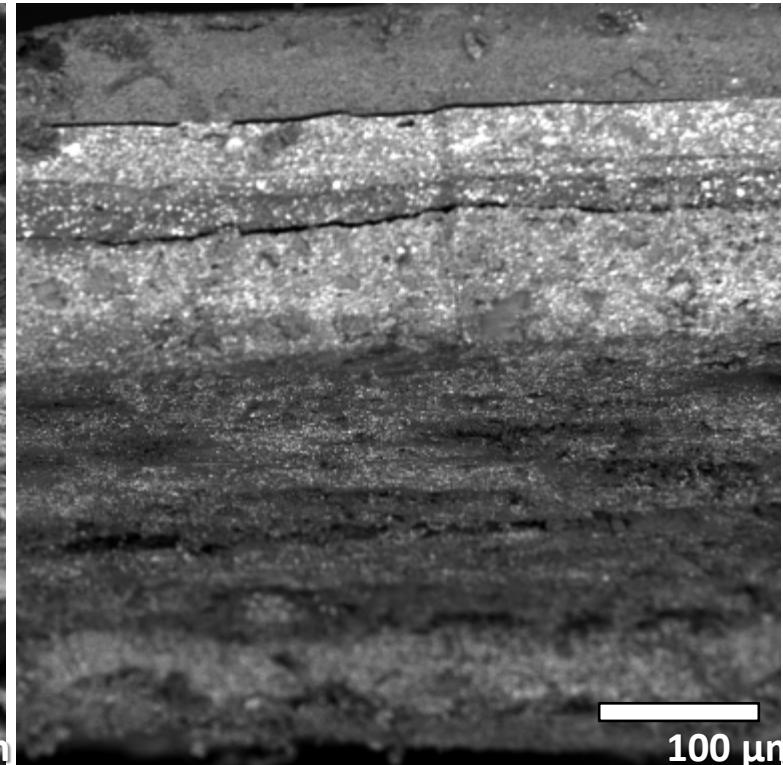
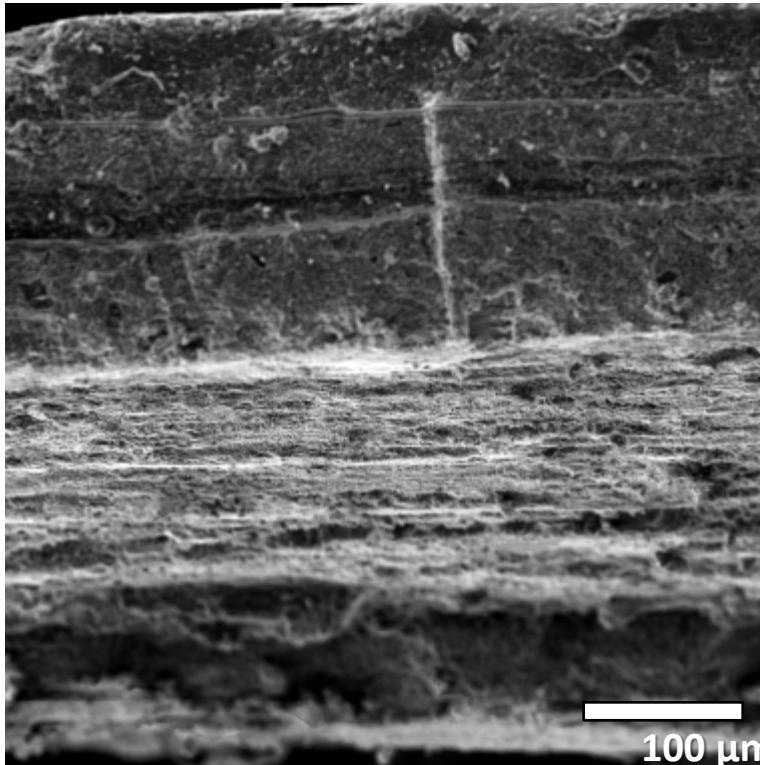
- X-Ray Energy Spectrum produced by probing the paint pigment particle marked with the red arrow with the electron beam and measuring the energies of the resulting emitted x-ray photons.

Lead Analysis



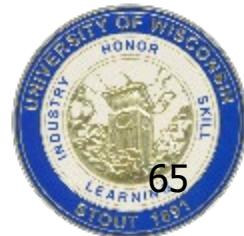
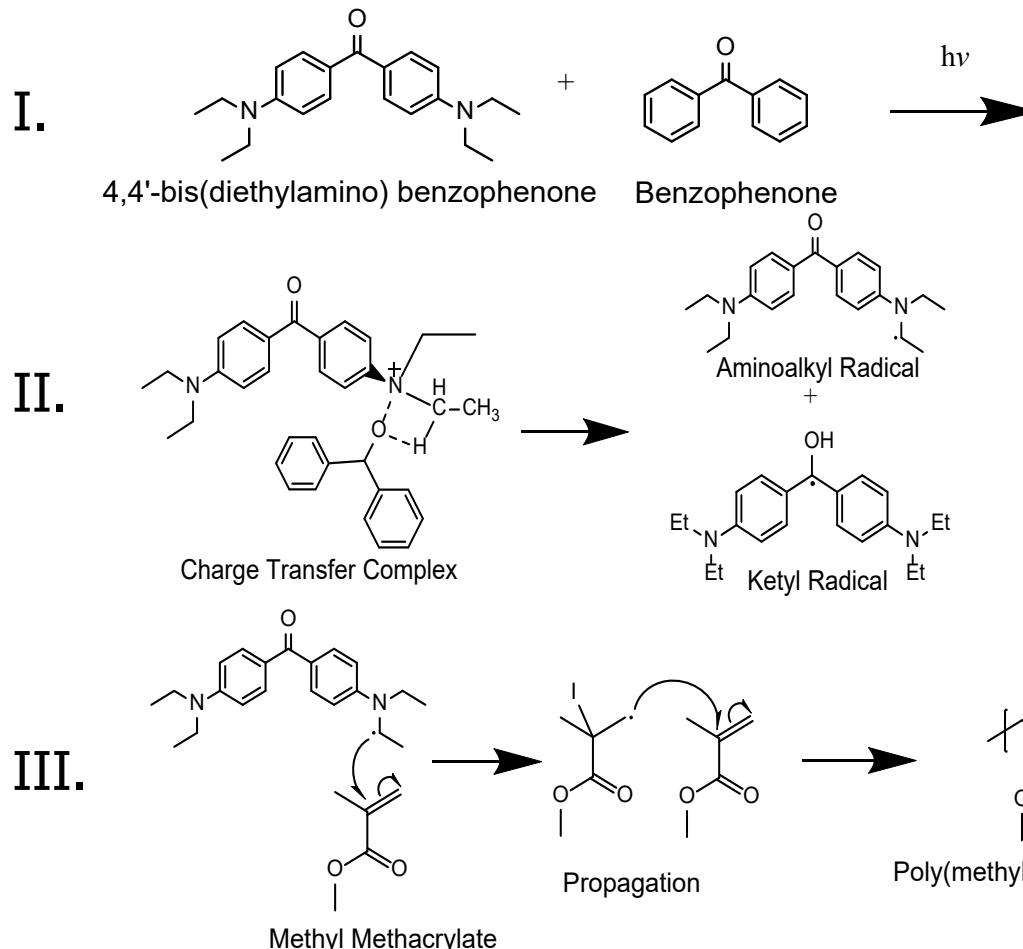
- SEM Micrographs of Sample ER130147D with both (left) secondary electron detection and (right) backscattered electron detection.

Lead Analysis

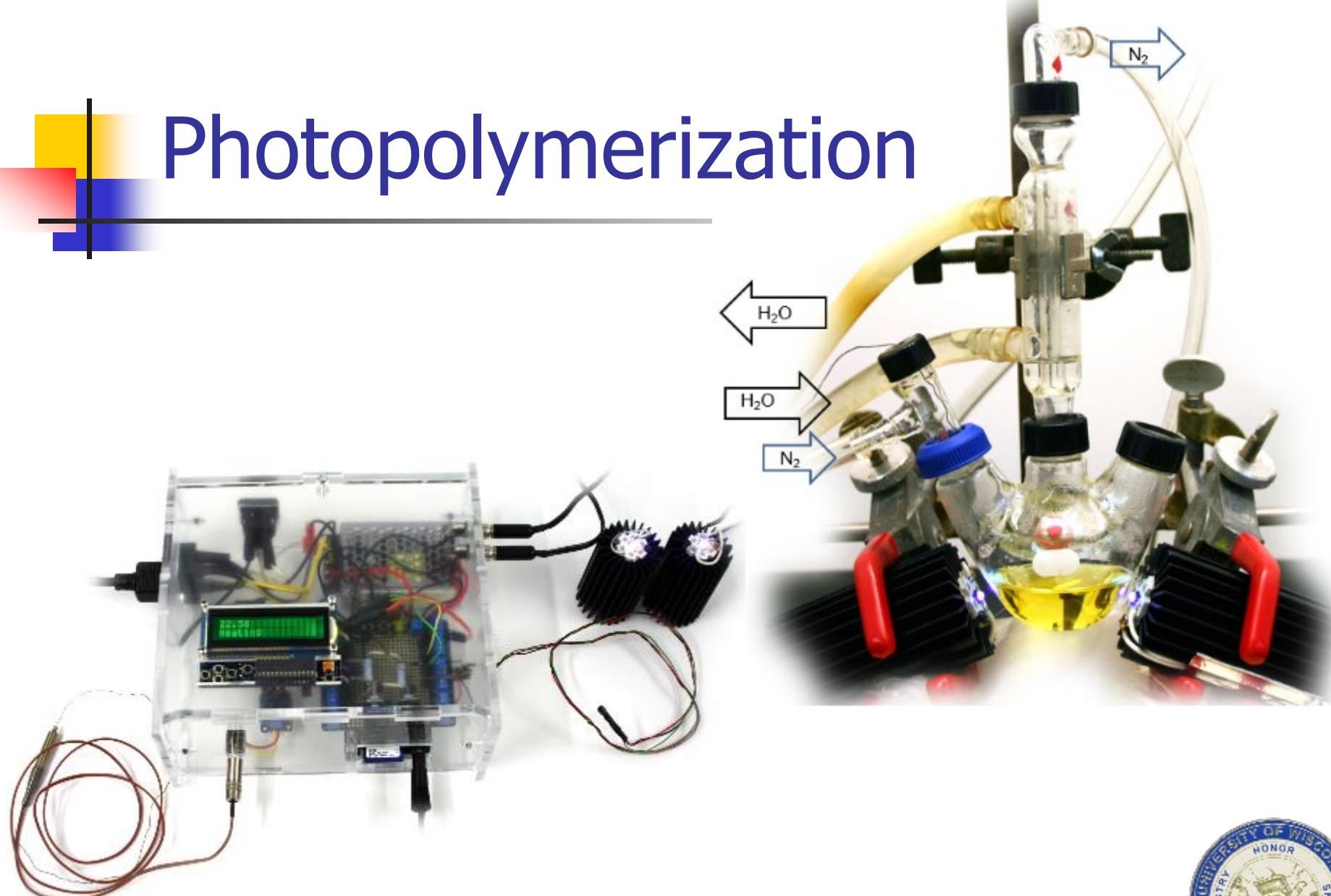


- SEM Micrographs of Sample ER130147G with both (left) secondary electron detection and (right) backscattered electron detection.

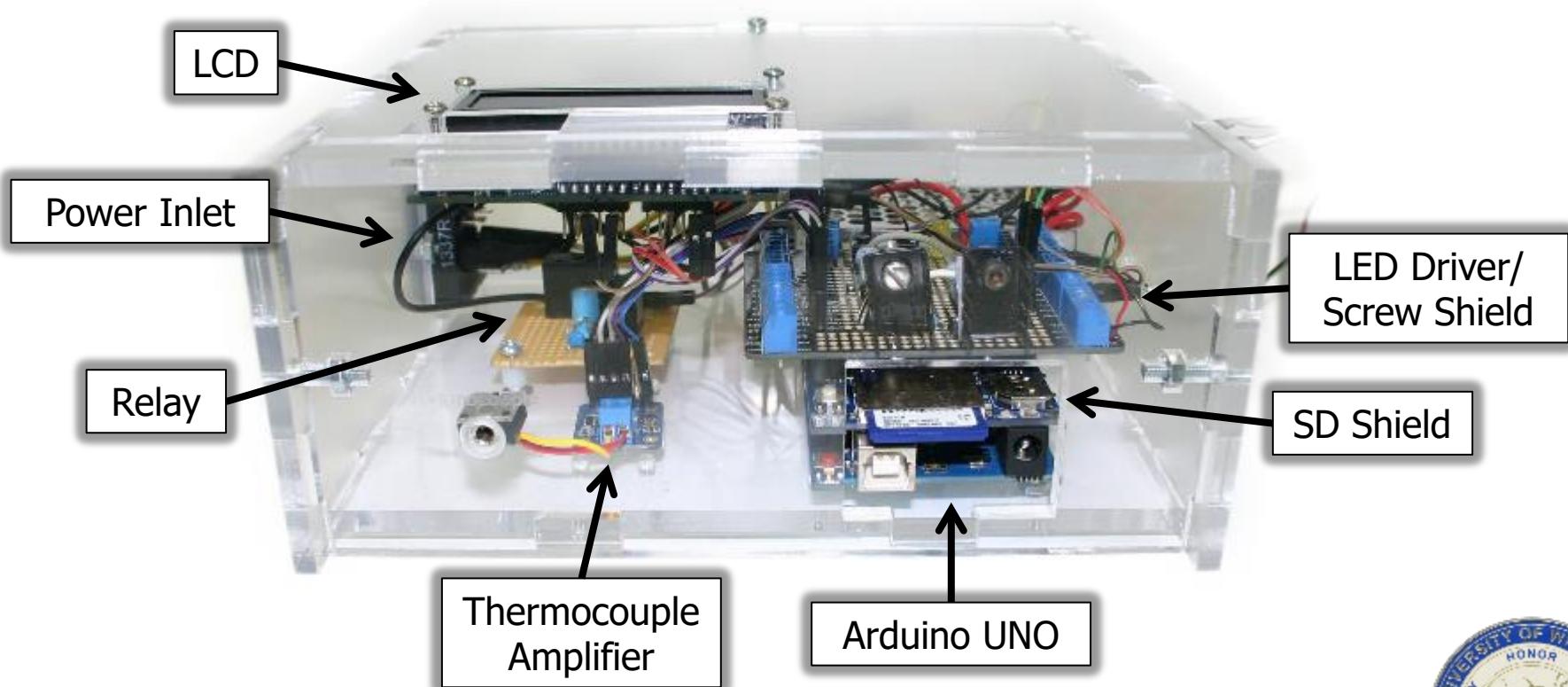
Photopolymerization



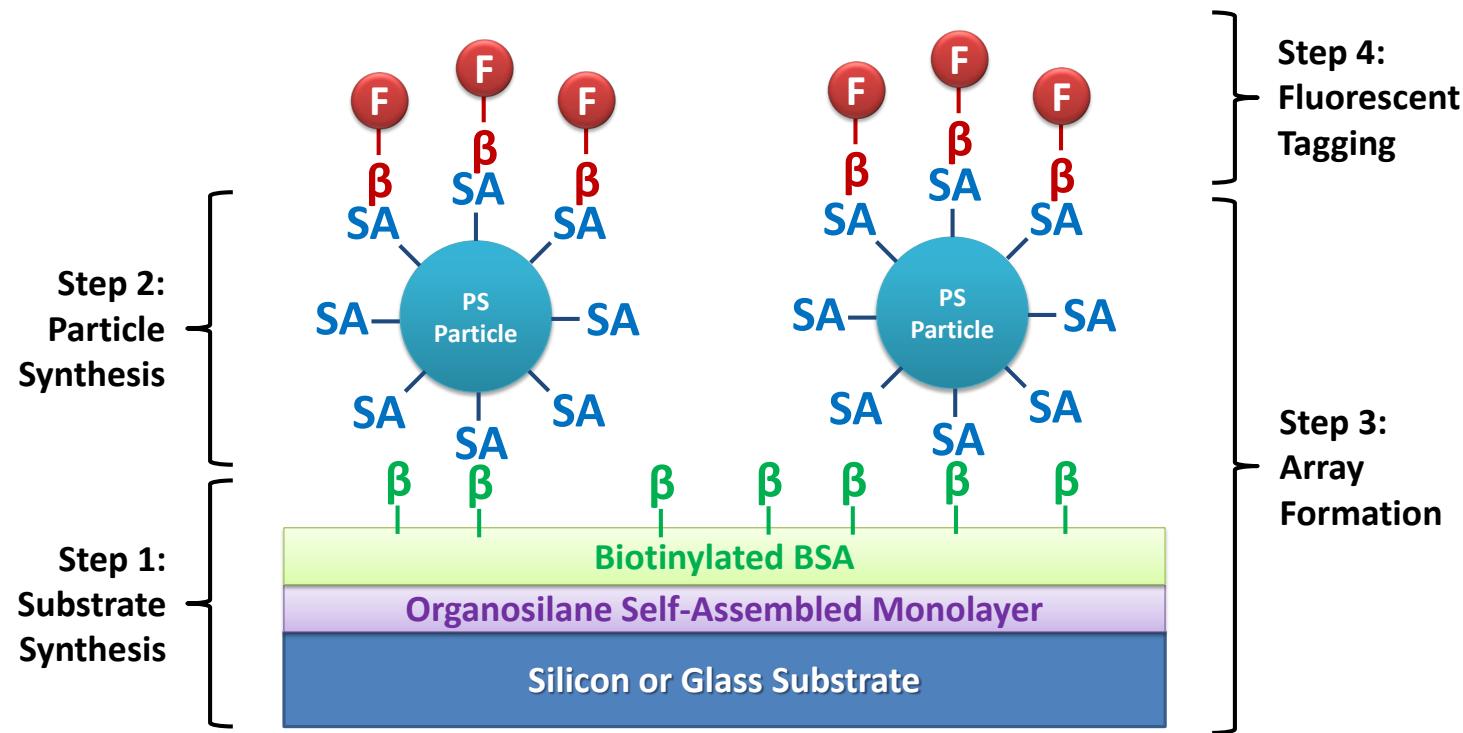
Photopolymerization



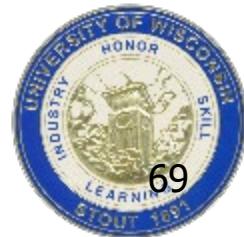
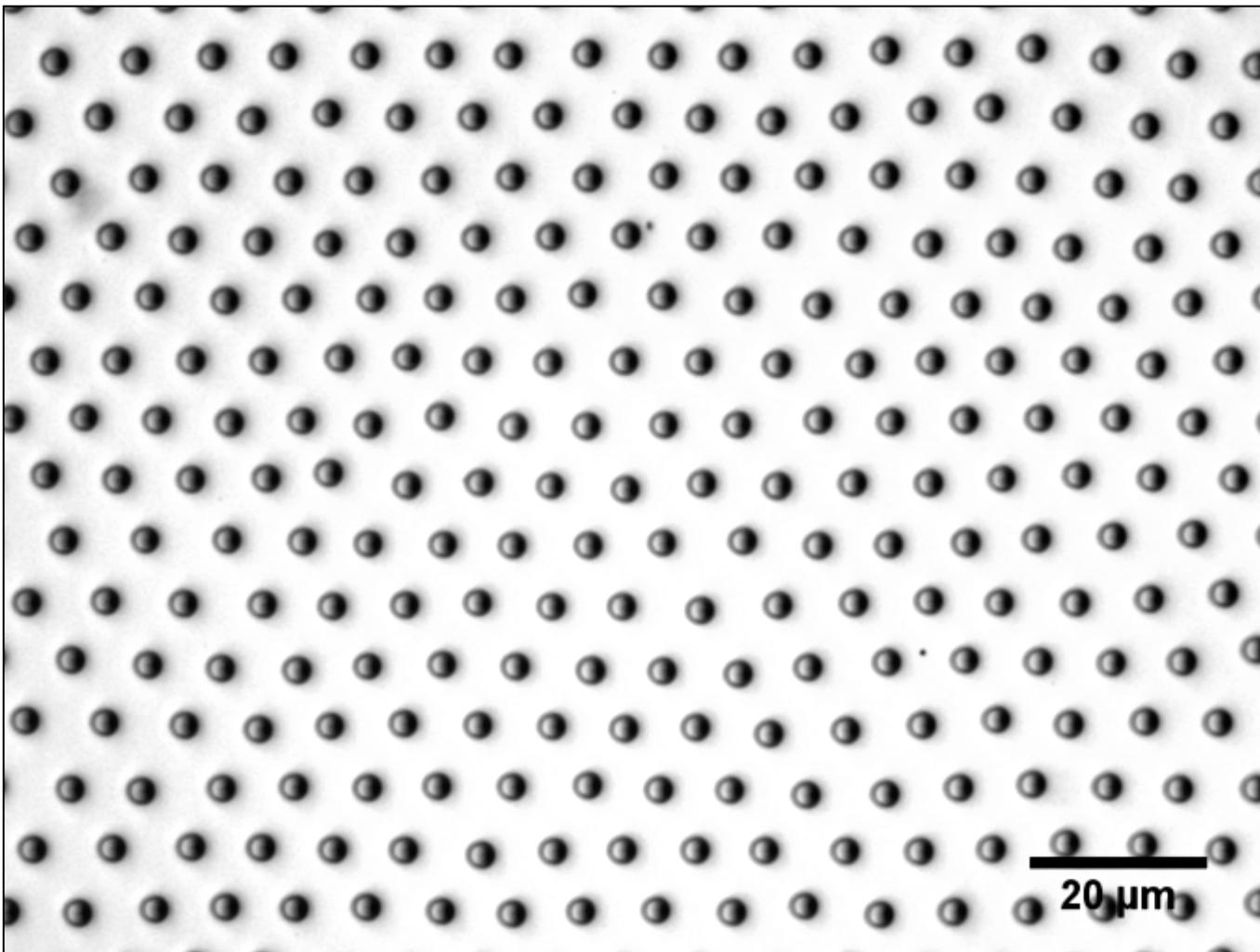
Photopolymerization



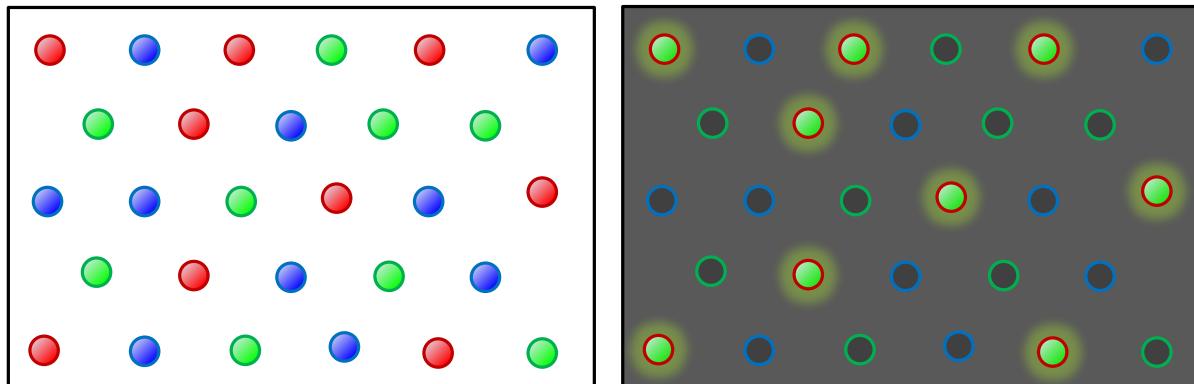
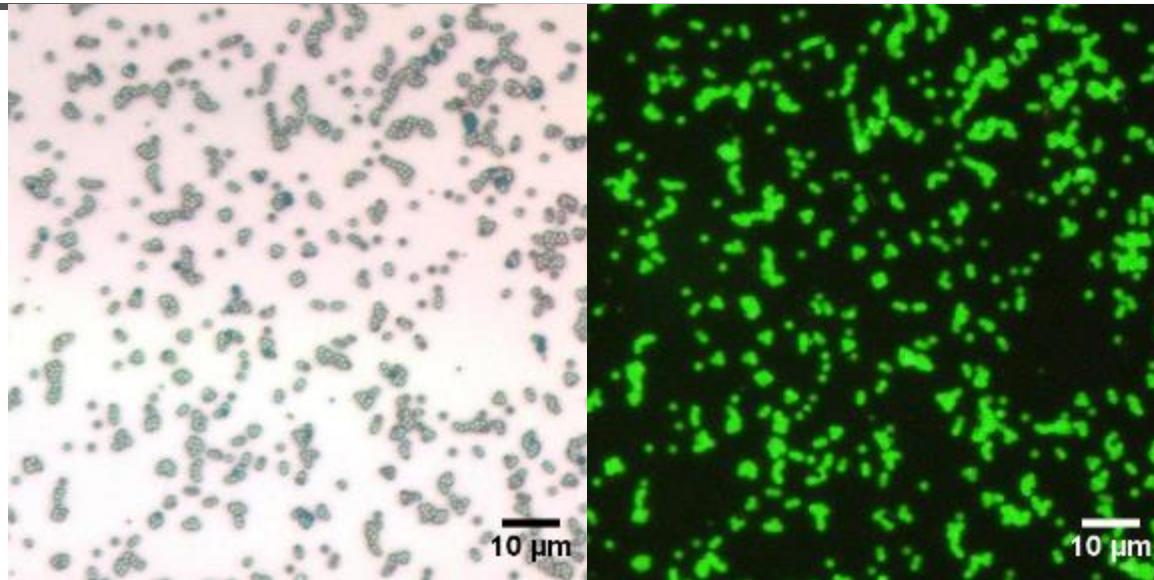
Bioassay Development



Bioassay Development



Bioassay Development



Tom Yungbauer, Ellie Raethke, Clayton Barrix, Kelvin Smith, Mitchell Woellner



Acknowledgements



Ellie Raethke, Felipe Marra Mateus, Noah Holzman, Clayton Barrix, Dr. Ray
at the Spring 2014 STEM EXPO

